SUB-SECTOR INTERVENTION ELEMENT MATRIX (SIEM) ON NEEDS (Additions are in Blue)

	Policy / Institutional	Infrastructure	Human resource capacity	Provision / support	Information / knowledge
Seed	A-1	A-2	A-3	A-4	A-5
	-Seed legislation / standard including institutional arrangements for variety release & mechanisms to regulate the whole process of Seed Production, phytosanitary & delivery with the Promotion of PPP. -Policy on access to improved seed varieties - Seed Multiplication associations created and registered -Private sector companies to be registered and involved in seed multiplication. <homework> Discuss, with key stake- holders incl. private, modalities of variety development, multi- plication and delivery.</homework>	-Rreeding facilities including Genebank, -Testing and Certification Facilities in the Production Zones -Multiplication facilities -Storage facilities -Distribution facilities -Distribution facilities Elaborate location, production capacity of each facility.	 Farmers and seed inspectors trained on maintenance of pure seed, seed multiplication Recruitment and enhance training for Breeders Multidisciplinary team specialists in Seed Technology, agronomy, pathology, entomology -Capacity Building on Statistical Data on annual seed Production, requirement and seed exchange rate. Homework> Elaborate location, number of breeders and team specialists.	 Certified seeds provided at 50 – 60% subsidized rated through a voucher or other efficient mechanisms Adequate support for annual collection and review of seed data. <homework> Decide subsidy rate, delivery mechanisms and delivery dates.</homework> 	 Factsheets (on use of quality seeds, seed quality maintenance, information on new varieties, suitable agro-ecological zone for planting and appropriate labeling). Dissemination of the seed law. Annual seed requirement information established including determination of seed exchange rate. (Homework> Decide how many new varieties to be developed by year X.
Fertilizer	B-1 Fertilizer policy on: - Use - Regulation - Standard - Delivery mechanism - Production - Procurement	B-2 -Production facilities -Storage and Distribution facilities - Soil testing laboratories <homework> Elaborate location, production capacity of each facility.</homework>	B-3 - Farmers, extension staff, input dealers trained on handling & storage, safe use and application of inorganic fertilizers - Farmers, extension staff and input dealers trained on production and use of	B-4 - Fertilizers provided at least 30% subsidized rated through a voucher or other efficient mechanisms <homework> Decide subsidy rate, delivery mechanisms</homework>	B-5 - Factsheet on environmental impact of use of fertilizer - Factsheet on integrated soil fertility management -Soil Mapping for efficient fertilizer use. - Annual fertilizer

					and methods for the different agro-ecologies provided
Irrigation / water management	C-1	C-2	C-3	C-4	C-5
	-Policy on water use	-Full irrigation facilities	-Farmers and extension	-Water management	- Guidelines and
	-Laws & regulations	-Partial irrigation facilities	staff trained on small scale	associations provided with	recommendations on
	-Groups (Bylaws to govern	in rainfed lowlands	irrigation	small farm tools, water	water management
	operations and	(Wells, Borehole, Canals,	-Technicians trained in	pumps + accessories,	disseminated through
	management of water	Dykes)	water management	water distribution pipes	Factsheets and
	users' Associations)	-Meteo Station	meteorological data	and technical assistance	communication media
	<homework> Like fertilizers, elabo-</homework>	<homework> Elaborate location,</homework>	collection - Trained WUA on organization skills, water	for feasibility studies and constructions.	
	rate elements of policies to be established	target size of each type of facilities.		<u>.</u>	<u>.</u>

			management and O&M skills - Trained farmers in aquaculture skills <homework> Elaborate location, number of such groups / individuals.</homework>	-Increasing funding for developing irrigation facilities	
On-farm technology dissemination (R&E)	D-1 -Formulation/Review of Research & extension policy. -Formation of Groups/farmers' association/Cooperative.	D-2 -Facilities for research, extension and farmers training <homework> Elaborate location, detailed capacity of each type of facilities. <homework> Communicate with the Ministry of Public Works and know where and when such infrastructures will be put in place. Then start thinking about where to grow rice for urban consumption.</homework></homework>	D-3 - Farmers, research technicians and extension staff trained Periodically by both Government/Private Sector on improved technologies, good practices such as leveling, soil fertility management, etc via demonstration farms/plots - Sufficient and Qualified number of extension agents recruited -capacity building to improve skills and ability targeting youths and women 	D-4 -Technology packages for demonstration provided(seed, agro-chemicals, factsheets and guidelines)	D-5 -Factsheets on the appropriate (technically feasible, socially acceptable, economically viable) technologies for demonstration/adoption by farmers/ and farmers Group -Constant interaction Between Researchers, Extension and Farmers. -Strengthening Collaborations between Public Extension and Other Extension Services Providers. -Integration of Aquaculture in Paddy Rice Production - Utilization of mass media for Sensitizing Farmers
Mechanization	E-1 1.Policy on test code and certification, promotion, Research and development 2.Mechanization Policy (formulated, review d or strategy updated) 3.African Network for Agric. Mechanization	E-2 1. Machine testing/certification center 2.Maintenance Workshop Assembly Workshop (public/private) 3.Small industry (local artisan, fabricators) 4. Mechanization training centers 	E-3 Trained 1.Dealers 2. Operators 3. Farmers 4. Artisans 5. R&D Engineers 6.Extension 7. Technicians <homework> Elaborate number of such individuals considering E-2.</homework>	E-4 1.Tax exemption 2.Import tariff exemption 3.Appropriate subsidy 4. Guarantee /warranty 5.Provision of spare-parts 6.After sales service 7.Low interest credit 8. Support for Technology Transfer for Appropriate Machineries 9 Promotion and support for innovation.	E-5 1. Dissemination of Research output on mechanization 2.News bulletins 3.Operation manuals 4.Exhibitions 5.Demonstrations 6.Information sharing
Quality improvement	F-1 - Policy <u>to</u> promote and facilitate milling business - Tax Exemption (mills, spare parts and engines) - Subsidies on installation of machinery	F-2 - Sufficient number of Rice mills (small (custom), medium & large scale) in each rice growing areas - Drying yards/ facilities - Storage facilities	F-3 - Well-trained rice millers - Farmers trained and encouraged to sell milled rice instead of paddy - Rice value chain actors trained on milled rice	F-4 - Parboiling equipment - Rice mills - Weigh scales (for village rice mills) -Subsidies, credits, grants provided when necessary	F-5 - Knowledge on applicable technologies related to transportation, handling, processing, standards & storage availed through

	- Milling machine standards -Grain quality standards <homework> Elaborate selection of policy tools and their details. Elaborate applicable (not ambitious) standards.</homework>	(including PPP) <homework> Elaborate location, detailed capacity of each type of facilities.</homework>	standards. <homework> Elaborate number of such individuals considering F-2.</homework>		factsheets and communication media - Appropriate custom mills for local adoption (case studies & location) through applied research
Access to market	G-1 - Regulations to protect the rice market. - Information network for promotion (place, ways & means) -Enable environment for private sector - Introduce import tariffs if necessary -Modality on promoting market-oriented profitable rice-based system -Legal back-stopping policy - Buffer stocking policy Select policy tools to adopt and elaborate details. Also necessary to identify what are the elements of enabling environments.	G-2 - Market infrastructures - Rehabilitation access roads, railways, water ways - ICT - Facilities for strategic reserves	G-3 - Entrepreneurship skills training - Training of the value chain actors (Traders, Transporters, millers, Processors) based on their needs according to demand driven market oriented	G-4 - Agric. funding from tariff revenue in the form of subsidies, grant to PPP - Grant to support farmers associations for collective /Contract Marketing and Distribution	G-5 -Market information survey (type of rice preferred by the major consumers, its quality and price, Cross Border Trade); -Market information system (Collection, Analysis, Interpretation and Dissemination) - Knowledge on cost/ benefit analysis on rice value chain. <homework> Elaborate what market information you want to generate.</homework>
Access to credit	H-1 - Facilitation of enabling environment for short to long term agro-financing (Financial and micro-finance institutions) -Sensitization on ROSCA (Rotating Savings and Credit Associations) -Policy on efficient cooperatives	H-2 - Infrastructures for rural financial institutions	H-3 - Capacity Building of stakeholders (Farmers, Farmers Organization, Extension officers, etc) On Development of business plans to access credit from financial institutions -	H-4 -Provision of financial capital for credit schemes	H-5 -Information dissemination on financial institutions offering agricultural credit and their terms and conditions -

		cooperatives				
		implementation, M&E &				
		auditing of cooperatives				
		operations				
O	verall policy	I-1	I-2	I-3	1-4	I-5
	ols	-Food and Nutrition	-Cross cutting	-Policy Analysts (existing to	-Specific support policy to	-Dissemination of
		Security Policy ¹ ,	infrastructure policy to	reinforce or new ones)	small scale farmers.	Reliable Rice and related
		-Production Policy ² ,	facilitate agricultural	-Policy Analysts to review	-Support to	data
		-Trade Policy, ³	production	rice related policies	Farmers/Communities for	

¹Food Policy: (stability of food supply and price, effective food distribution, **Adequacy**, food safety, promotion of food export & import).

² Production Policy: (technological innovation, capacity development of farmers, extension service, agricultural banking).

	-Agricultural Land Policy ⁴	-Rehabilitation, upgrading	-Capacity Building	Watershed Management	
	-Rural Area Policy ⁵	and Refurbishment of	(recruitment and Training)	-Re-enforcement and	
	-Land Tenure	Agricultural Statistical	for Agricultural Statistic	coordination of	
		Unit and Institutions.	Institutions.	institutions responsible of	
	-Agricultural Insurance		-capacity building on	Agricultural Statistics	
	- Policy on cooperatives		environment and	(Collection, Collation,	
	(efficient implementation,		watershed management	Analysis & Interpretation)	
	Diversified Income		at community level.		
	Generating, M&E &		-		
	auditing of cooperatives				
	operations).				
	<homework></homework>				
	Check, if these policies				
	exist, amendment is				
	necessary, or implemen-				
	tation capacity is				
	lacking.				
	-Policy for Comprehensive				
	Measures (to Promote				
	Engagement of Youth in				
	Agriculture and empower				
	women).				
	-Policy on Watershed				
	Management.				
					- Environmental impact
					on the use of other
Unclassified:	Other agro-chemical policy	-Production facilities	- Training on safe use and	- Subsidy	agro-chemicals
-Other	on:	-Distribution facilities	application of other	- Timely delivery of other	-
Agro-chemicals	- Use		agro-chemicals	agro-chemicals	
	- Regulation		- Training on production		
	- Standard		and use of other		
	- Delivery mechanism		agro-chemicals		
	- Production				
	-				

³ Trade Policy: related to the marketing of products (imported, exported and locally produced).

- ⁴ Agricultural Land Policy: (land reform, agricultural infrastructure improvement).
- ⁵ Rural Area Policy: encouragement of community activities.