

Brief from new member countries

ANGOLA

8th CARD General Meeting

6 and 7th October 2021

Angola's rice sector - Background

Significance of rice sector development

Role of rice in food security, poverty reduction (and/or exportation/trade) Rice plays a very important role in food security and political stability of Angola. Is the second cereal more consumed after maize. The national consumption amount is more than 450,000 Ton per year; The importation volume is more than 400,000 Ton per year and the national production is about 10,000 Ton per year. The increase of national rice production, will strengthen the food and nutrition security and reduce greatly the use of foreign currency for its importation, further will activate & promote employment and income of rice producers, that's why this crop is given a strategical priority by the government of Angola in the agricultural sector.

Major challenges and opportunities

< Domestic >

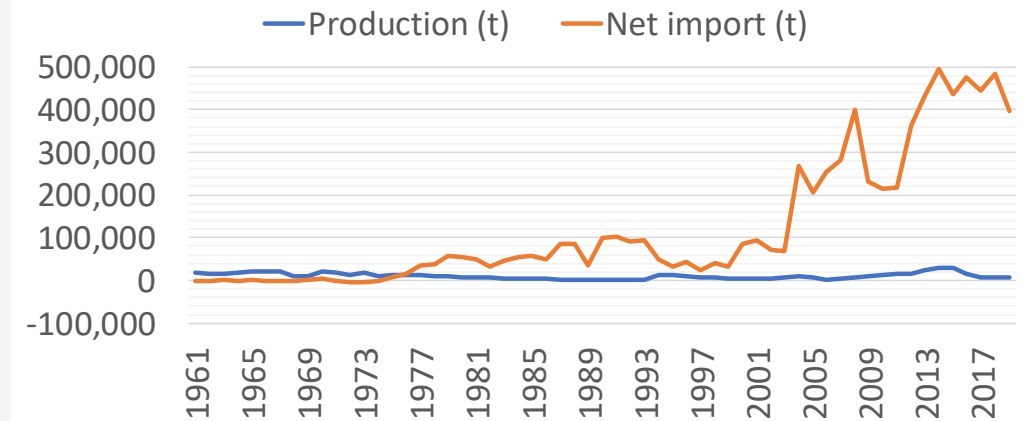
➤ Challenges

- To increase the production to 50,000 Ton per year;
- To revitalize the local rice seed production.

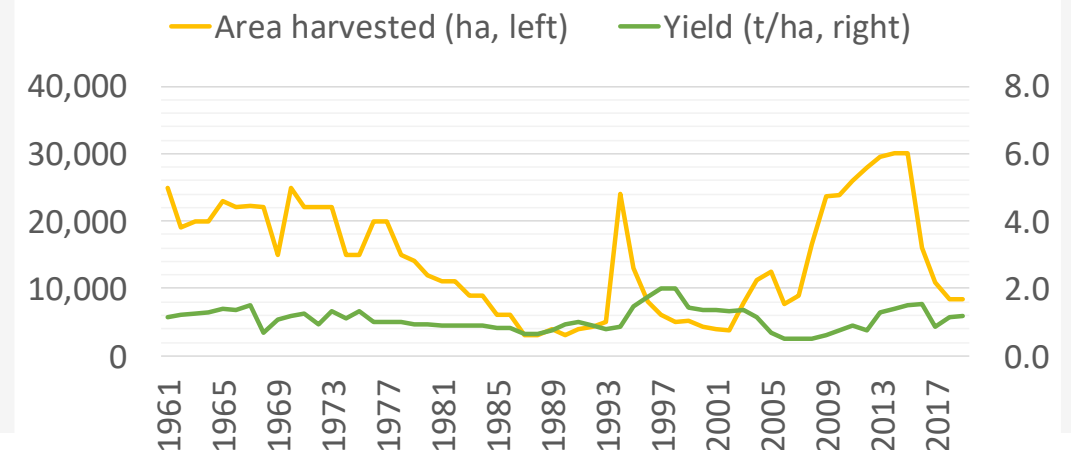
➤ Opportunities

- The support of Japan International Cooperation Agency;
- **Coherent** to Angola's agricultural policies.

Production and net import of rice (milled equivalent)



Area harvested and yield of rice (paddy)



Source: FAOSTAT ("Net import" = Import - Export)

Angola NRDS - Framework

Goal

. To increase the rice production three times as many as now in five years, through expansion of the area and increasing the yield.

Targets

	Area (ha)	Yield	Prod. (t)
2017	10,000	1,7	17,000
2025	20.000	2,5	50.000
2030	30.000	2,5	75.000

Strategic/Specific objectives

- ..Expansion of area: Expand the area by 20,000 ha
- ..Productivity enhancement: To achieve the yield of 2,5 Ton per ha
- ..Quality improvement: To introduce rice milling machines (de-huskers) in a sustainable way
- ..Capacity building: Training of extension workers and researchers

Priority interventions

	Intervention	Period	Budget (USD)
1	To increase the production and yield of rice by the government supports		
2	To improve the competitiveness of rice producers and rice industry		
3	To strengthen the capacity and coordination among rice business stake holders		
4			
5			

Stakeholders in the rice sector

Organization	Role
(Public sector)	
Ministry of Agriculture & Fisheries (IDA: Institute of Agricultural Development, IIA : Institute of Agriculture Investigation and SENSE : National Seed Service) Other Ministries	To set up harmonized rice policy regarding production, milling and commercialization.
Banks	To finance the famers or cooperatives along the rice value chain, under the recommendation of Ministry of Agriculture & Fisheries
(Private sector)	
Bonsae, Lda	Production, milling and commercialization of rice.
Other private companies or farmers to be identified by the Ministry of Agriculture & Fisheries	
(Development Partners)	
JICA	Support on the capacity building of the Ministry of Agriculture & Fisheries and relevant stakeholders related to seed production, research and extension of rice production and marketing for the small-scale farmers

Expectations from the CARD initiative

- Information shares about success & failure of rice policies among the countries in the CARD initiatives.
- Information exchange on variety selection methods and techniques for the various agroecology zone among the countries in the CARD initiatives.
- Information exchange on seed production, seed inspection and seed certifying system among the countries in the CARD initiatives.
- Information shares among the countries in the CARD initiatives about upgrading of rice value chain experiences.