# Brief from new member countries SUDAN

8<sup>th</sup> CARD General Meeting 6 and 7<sup>th</sup> October 2021

## Sudan's rice sector - Background

#### Significance of rice sector development

- o Rice is a food security crop ranked no 4 after dura, millet & wheat
- Government of Sudan consider rice as a strategic crop
- Import of rice keep increasing over the years, while area harvested and productivity does not show any significant increase
- o The government is promoting the expansion of production area
- The government is targeting self sufficiency in rice production and possible export later.

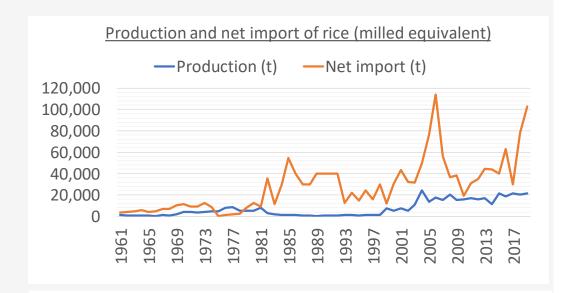
#### Major challenges and opportunities

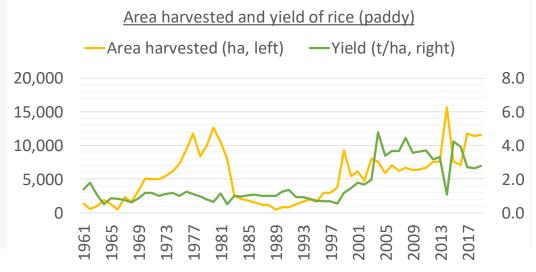
#### Challenges

- There is a significant increase in rice consumption over the last few years
- Low availability of certified seeds
- Lack of improve rice production technologies
- Lack of trained extension agent
- Lack of adequate production and post-harvest machineries
- lack of marketing know-how.

#### Opportunities

- Availability of vast fertile soil and irrigation capability
- Availability of human resources for research & extension capacity
- Reduction in rice production in the gulf countries which provide good export opportunity for Sudan to explore





Source: FAOSTAT ("Net import" = Import – Export) (1961-2011: Former Sudan)

### Sudan's NRDS - Framework

#### Goal

The goal of Sudan NRDS is to increase rice production for self sufficiency & export by 2030 .

#### Strategic/Specific objectives

- Expansion of area from 9.27 ha to 142856ha
- Productivity enhancement from 2.5-5.0t/ha
- Quality improvement
- Production of 8 different varieties of seeds produced .
- Capacity building of actors along the rice value chain

#### **Targets**

	Area (ha)	Yield	Prod. (t)
2018	9027	2.5	22685
2025	60900	3.4	208960
2030	142856	5.0	722685

#### **Priority interventions**

	Intervention	Period	Budget (USD)
1	Production and distribution of seeds to farmers		
2	Innovative technology generation from land preparation to post harvest		
3	Integrated approach to rice management from land preparation to harvest & post- harvest operations		
4	Formulation of long term policy consideration along the rice value chain.		
5	Capacity building of actors and for all stakeholders in the rice value chain for maximum output		

# Stakeholders in Sudan's rice sector

Organizations	Role		
Ministry of Agriculture, Finance and State Ministries of Production	Policy formulation, Monitoring & Evaluation, Project financing and implementation		
Small farmers Group. Banking sector. Industrial & trading companies	Production of rice, value chain financing .  Processing of rice in good packing .  Distribution & exporting .		
Development Partners	Enhancing modern production, post-harvest and marketing technologies		
Private sector	To facilitate export business		

## **Expectations from the CARD initiative**

- Facilitating human capital development of actors in the rice value chain
- Facilitating networking with development partners and CARD Steering
   Committee members for possible investments in the Sudan rice sector
- Facilitating networking with research institutes for developing suitable varieties for Sudan ecologies
- Facilitating networking with other CARD member countries to avail the rice sector of Sudan of good practices
- Facilitating investments from foreign private sector for vast area production and processing of rice in Sudan