

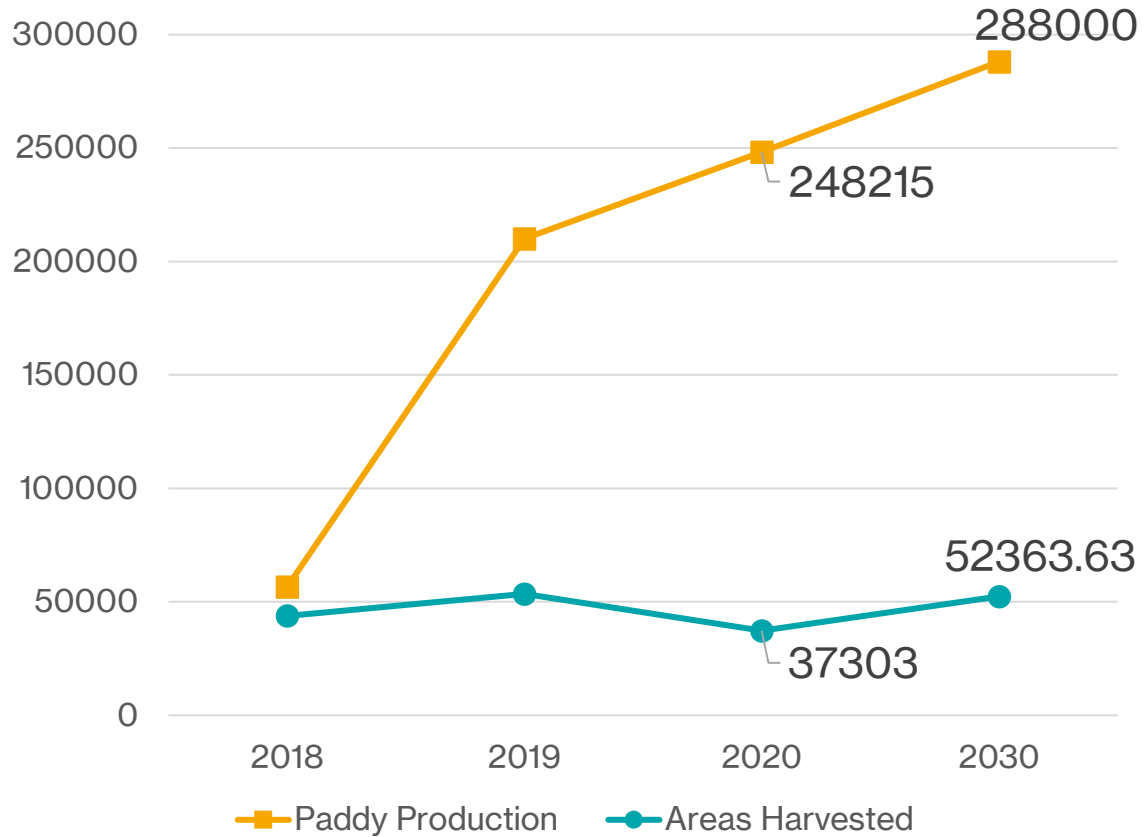
BURUNDI

GM9 Country Presentation
CARD



Overall indicators

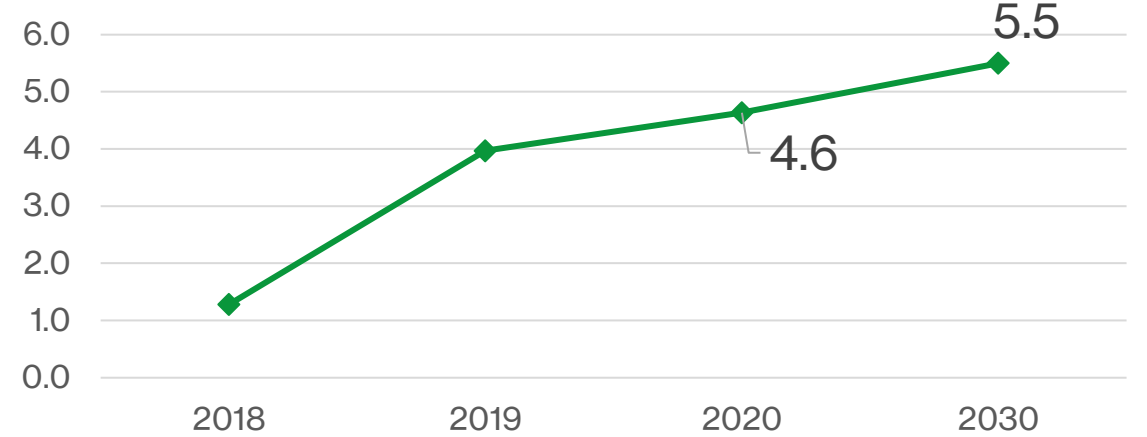
Paddy production and areas harvested



	2018	2020	2030
Production (t)	56,511	248,215	288,000
Areas (ha)	43,808	37,303	37,303

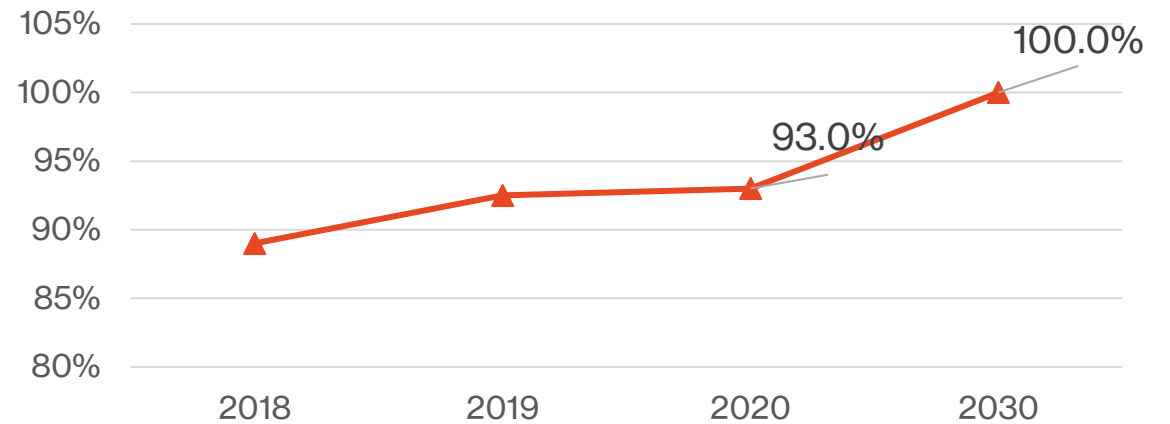
Source: INSBU

Rendement (t/ha)



Source: INSBU

Self-sufficiency ratio (%)



Source: INSBU

Identified priority areas and Concept Notes

A) Priority areas: 4 in total

- 1) **Maintenance, rehabilitation and integrated development of potential rice fields;**
- 2) ***Promotion of modern rice farming technologies through an approach involving rice extension centres in marshland, irrigated areas and on hillsides;***
- 3) ***Strengthening rice and rice by-products production as well as local rice competitiveness;***
- 4) ***Improve the legal and institutional framework.***

B) Concept notes or future project ideas

-----To be determined and developed after finalising SNDR2

New projects after CARD Phase 2 started

Title	Emergency Agricultural Production Project (AEFPF)	Project to support the development of agricultural and livestock value chains in Burundi.	Agricultural Production Intensification and Vulnerability Reduction Project in Burundi (PIPARV-B).
Period	August 2022 – July 2024	November 2020- June 2026	13/02/2019-31/12/2025
Target area	14 provinces	3 provinces (KIRUNDO, MUYINGA and NGOZI)	5 provinces
Scheme	Emergency assistance	Technical assistance	Bilateral cooperation project
Partners	AfDB	AfDB	MINEAGRIE VIA LES BPEAEs
Approved budget	UA 4 million (TSF)	UA 15 million (TSF&ADF)	USD 101,007 (Already Mobilised: USD 70,483)
Objectives	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Scale up agricultural production; Support sensitive gender policies aimed at making agricultural inputs more accessible; 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Help fight food and nutritional insecurity; Promote employment opportunities for youths and women; Enhance agricultural productivity through resilient and sustainable agriculture; Structure, organise and strengthen the skills of cooperatives, private sector players and government intervention structures; 	Improve agricultural productivity and production in a sustainable manner while diversifying economic opportunities in rural areas.
Focus/ Specificities	This project seeks to improve food security for Burundians in response to the global crisis, which has worsened due to ongoing conflict between Russia and Ukraine.	<p><u>Seed production;</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Introduction of new varieties that are resilient to climate change; Extension of improved rice farming techniques; <p><u>Introduction of farm mechanisation;</u> Enhancing harvest value, including support for threshing and winnowing machines, drying tents and construction of a regional warehouse.</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Extension of new rice farming techniques thanks to 60 CEP rice farms already set up. Development of marshland

Value chain development through private sector involvement

COPROSEBU

Who there are

- 1) This is a seed cooperative, specialising in the production and marketing of seeds for food crops, including rice.
- 2) Farmers are grouped into cooperatives and/or associations dedicated to the production of seeds for different crops on the hills and especially in the marshlands for rice seed production.

What they do

- 1) Supply improved seeds.

Impacts

- 1) Improved living standards.
- 2) Rice farmers' average income improved.

Support from public sector

- 1) Availability of pre-basic seeds by ISABU;
- 2) Technical support from MINEAGRIE (DPFAPFNL, ONCCS and SRDI),



Photos



Société de production de riz (SOPRORIZ), a rice mill owned by cooperatives of rice farmers



Bags of rice packed by SRDI, a state-owned company



THE END

Thank you!