

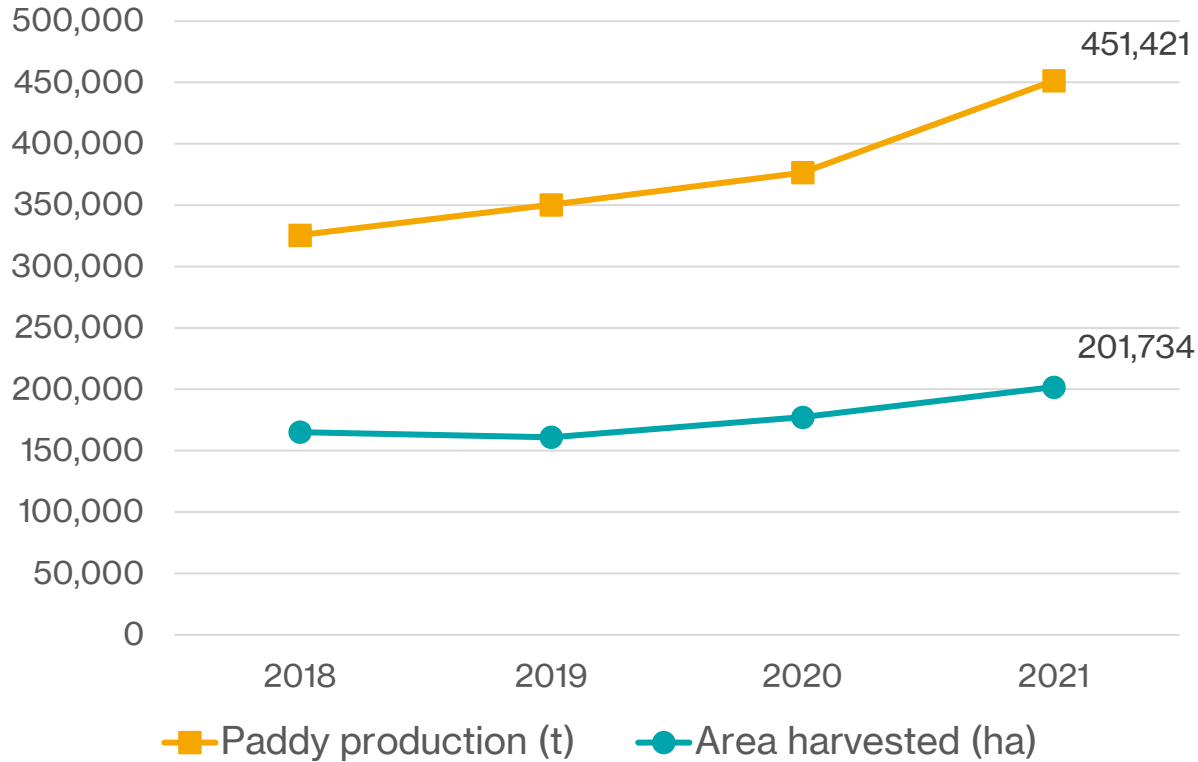
Burkina Faso

Country presentation at the
9th CARD GM



Overall Indicators

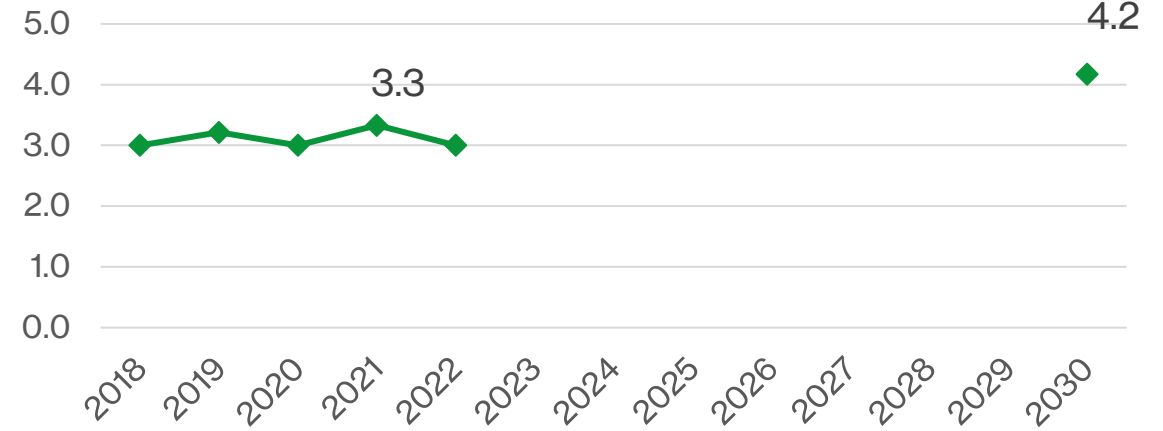
Paddy production and area harvested



	2018	2021	2030 target
Production (t)	325,566	451,421	2,000,000
Areas (ha)	165,086	201,734	450,000

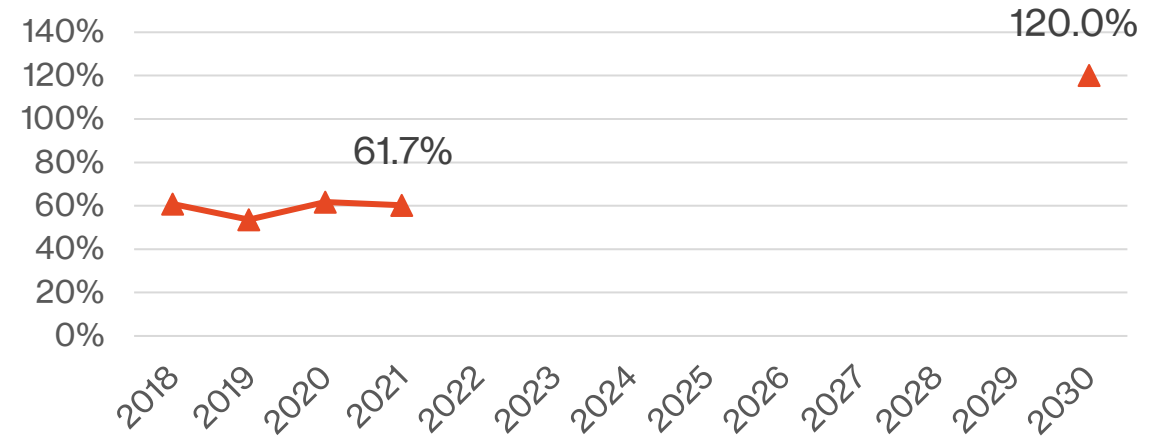
Source: DGESS/MARAH

Yield (t/ha)



Source: DGESS/MARAH

Self-sufficiency rate (%)



Source: DGESS/MARAH

Identified priority areas and concept notes

1. Priority areas

- 1) Increase paddy production,
- 2) Improve quality,
- 3) Contribute to economic growth and inclusive development
- 4) Contribute to agricultural transformation and inclusive and sustainable agricultural growth

2. Concept notes or ideas for future projects

- 1) 50,000 Ha development project in Samandeni (private developers);
- 2) Project to improve rice competitiveness in Burkina Faso;
- 3) Project to develop lowland rice fields and promote strict rainfed rice cultivation
- 4) Project to extend and rehabilitate irrigated rice plains
- 5) Project to support rice processing in Burkina
- 6) Project to support mechanisation of the rice sector
- 7) Project to create a system to finance rice growing

New projects launched after the start of CARD Phase 2

Heading	Burkina Faso Agricultural Resilience and Competitiveness Project (PReCA)	Concept Note	Integrated Agricultural Value Chain Development Project (Rice and Maize), (PDI-CVA)	Concept Note
Duration	August 2022 - July 2026	Project to improve rice competitiveness in BurkinaFaso	January 2022 - December 2027	Project to develop lowland rice fields and to promote strict rainfed rice cultivation
Area of intervention	Nation-wide		Nation-wide	
Nature of the project	Cooperation financed through loans and grants		Cooperation financed through loans and grants	
Implementing partners	State/World Bank		IDB	
Amount	122 billion FCFA		USD 16 million	
Objective	Increase agricultural productivity and market access for small producers and small and medium-sized agro-industrial entrepreneurs (SMEs) in the selected value chains within the intervention areas		Increase rice and maize productivity in the context of climate change.	
Orientation/ Specificities	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Remove constraints to agricultural productivity, mainly in irrigated production systems; 2. Improve competitiveness and market access 3. Enable the country's private agricultural and agro-processing sector to become more competitive 			

Value chain development through private sector participation

1. "WEND-YAM" rice milling factory

Who are they?

- 1) Company that specialises in rice production, processing and marketing
- 2) It was created in 2014 in the Hauts-Bassins region, and has now spread throughout the country

What do they do?

- 1) Contract with 15 producer Cooperative Societies providing high quality seed and other inputs (total 3000 ha under contract)
- 2) Purchase paddy from contracted farmers at a predetermined price and process it in hulling machines installed in Bobo Dioulasso.
- 3) Market white rice in local supermarkets using their own brand "Riz Cheval" and packaging it in 5 kg and 25 kg.

Impacts

- 1) In 9 years, rice production in the contract areas has increased from 3,700 t to 6,500 t, with a 55% improvement in yield.
- 2) The average income of contract rice farmers increased by 82% over the same period.

Public sector support

- 1) Provision of huskers, threshers, mini-crushers and advisory support.
- 2) Support for production through subsidised fertiliser
- 3) Producer training



Photo



Amir plant in Bobo



NAFASO plant



Manga Plant



Wend-Yam plant



Thank you