JIRCAS contributes to CARD

Provision of science-based evidence and technologies

Progress Report at the 19th SC meeting

Project leader

Yasuhiro Tsujimoto



Development of sustainable rice cultivation and food production system in Africa [Africa Rice Farming System Project]

Project goal

To develop sustainable and nutrition-sensitive food production system centered on rice by integrating water management technologies, breeding materials and cultivation technologies, and to provide them to the target countries.

Target country

Madagascar, Tanzania, Guinea

Project Period

2021.4~2026.3 (5 years)

SATREPS-Madagascar: 2017.5-2022.9

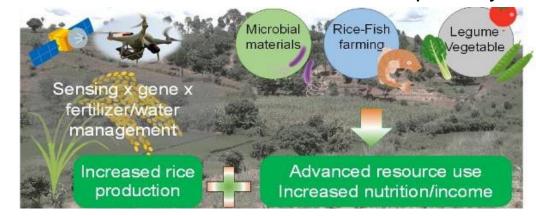
I. Civil engineering and remote sensing for maximizing water use efficiency



II. Rice & Veg breeding for resilience to environ. stresses and enhanced nutrition



III. Sustainable & nutrition-sensitive rice prod. system



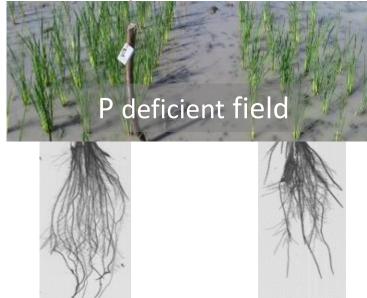
New rice varieties: certified seed prod. completed Productive under poor nutrient cond.

1990s: Finding of *Pup1* locus (from traditional *aus* variety)

2012: Gene and functional mechanism identified (*Nature*)

IR64+*Pup1*





2015-2019: Repeated selection & generation adv. in Madagascar

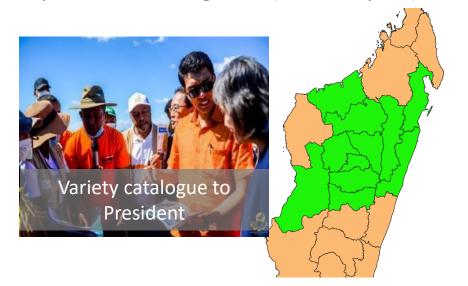
2020-2021: Prod. & taste tests

2021.10: Variety released



Foundation seed

2022.11: Started certified seed prod. in 11 regions (with Papriz)



2023.5: 20~40t certified seeds produced



Ministère de l'Agriculture et de l'Elevage

FYVARY 85 SY FYVARY 32 : KARAZAM-BARY KELY MASON-KARENA SY MORA AMBOLENA

Vokam-pikarohana navoakan'ny Tetikasa PAPRIZ niaraka tamin'ny FOFIFA ny FyVary 85 sy FyVary 32. karazambary ahazoana vokatra tsara na ambolena amin'ny toetany tsy ampy fosforo aza, ary azo ambolena in-droa ao anatin'ny taona iray.

Taorian'ny andrana natao tany amin'ny far Vakinankaratra, Alaotra Mangoro ary Boer nahitam-pahombiazana, dia efa miroso ts amin'ny famokarana masomboly izay ho a tantsaha.

FYVARY 85 ET FYVARY 32 : DE NOUVELL FACILES A CULTIVER ET A DES COUTS M Issus des résultats de recherches du Proj collaboration avec le FOFIFA, les variétés 85 et Fyvary 32 démontrent une meilleu aux sols peu fertiles. De cycle court, ce faciles à cultiver et peuvent être produ moindres, avec les conditions favorab de produire deux fois dans l'année. Après les résultats satisfaisant des tesses

régions, Vaklinankaratra, Alaotra Mangoro et Boeny, les techniciens procèdent à la production de semences de bases.

翻訳を見る





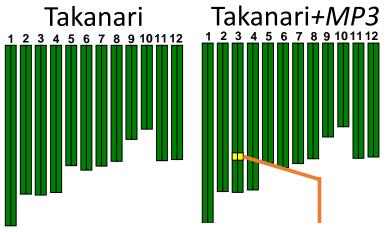


Distributed to farmers

In collaboration with IRRI

A new genetic resource=MP3 to increase rice yields under climate change

More yields under higher atmospheric CO₂ level

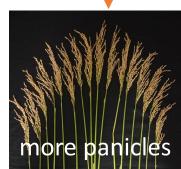


Novel gene from *Koshihikari* accelerates tillering speed

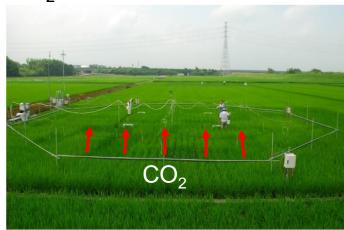


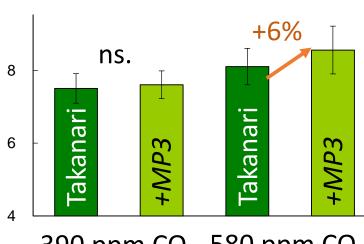






CO₂-enriched field trial





390 ppm CO₂ 580 ppm CO₂

JIRCASなど、高CO2環境でイネを増収させ る遺伝子を発見

気候変動に対応した多収イネの開発が可能に

P 1pt ⊙ 5分

2023.04.19 川島礼二郎=ライタ











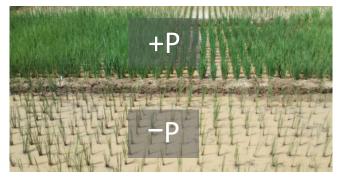


国際農林水産業研究センター(JIRCAS)などの研究チームが、稲穂の基となる腋芽(えきが)の生長を促して穂数を増やす遺伝子「MP3」を見つけたと発表した。MP3はコシヒカリから同定されたもので、これを他の品種に





X265+MP3 developed to assess P-def. (tiller-limit environ.) in Madagascar



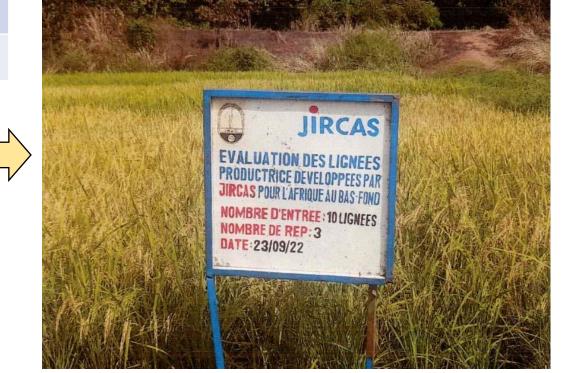
Takai et al., 2023; Ishizaki et al., 2023

Promising lines using QTL (qRL6.1, Spike) were transferred to Guinea and started the field evaluation

	NERICA1	NERICA4	NERICAL-19
yield of original (t/ha)	1.4	2.3	7.8
yield of +qRL6.1 (t/ha)	2.1	2.8	9.3
yield advantage	+55%	+22%	+19%



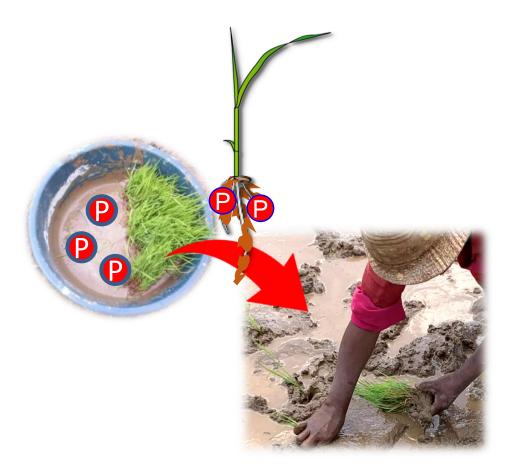
and +Spike (QTL for more grain no.)



IRAG in Guinea

P-dipping is a solution to increase productivity and resilience to environmental stresses for lowland rice with minimal fertilizer inputs in Madagascar

Simple! Mix, dip, and transplant



P-dipping shortens maturity, avoids cold/drought stresses at the end of rainy season (+grain qlt. up)







P-dipping accelerates initial growth and avoids flooding stress at the start of rainy season



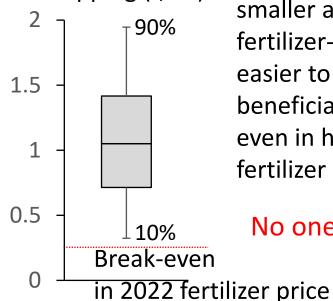


Rakotoarisoa et al., 2020; Rakotoson et al., 2022; Oo et al., (under review)

Smallholder farmers & private company started buying the P-dipping tech.



Yield gain by P-dipping (t/ha)



P-dipping needs much smaller amounts of fertilizer-> less costly, easier to carry, and beneficial even in high fertilizer price

No one left behind

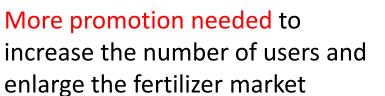
- >1,000 farmers purchased the sacs (adopted the P-dipping)
- A local company procured +50 t of TSP (60,000\$) for P-dipping in 2023.1.





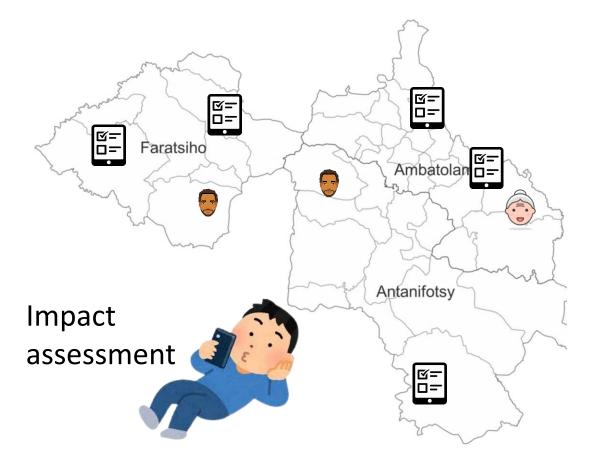






ICT tool (simple POS system) for

- 1. monitoring the technical impact by remote and real-time with higher accurately and less cost
- 2. assisting extension policy & business strategy*those who purchased the sacs ≒ technique adopters

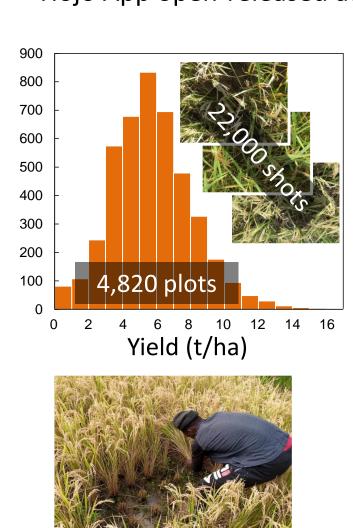


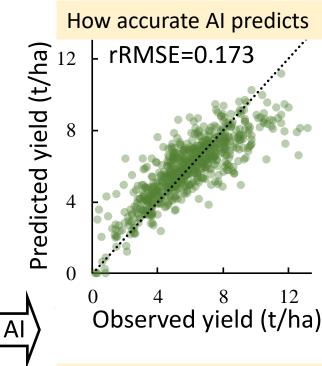


Do you have unused Android?



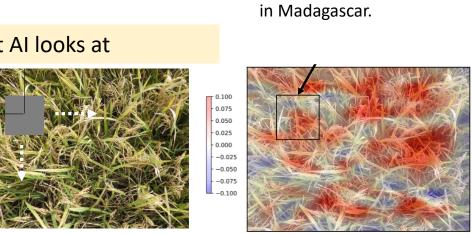
Another ICT tool for estimating rice yield by taking canopy photos Hojo App open-released at AppStore on May17 and GooglePlay on June 7, 2023.





Pred./obs. yield Observed yield (t/ha) What AI looks at

0.075 0.050 0.025



From when AI can predict

intercept = 0.517

*Breaking point was 14 days

breaking point = 27.4 days

Days after heading

14 21 28 35 42 49

Côte d'Ivoire

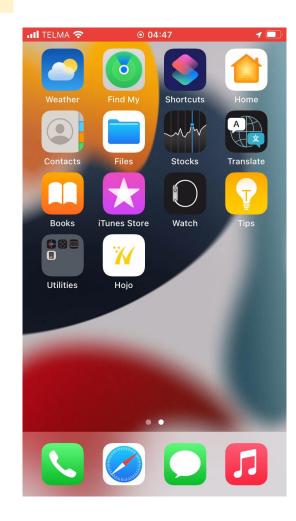
1.2





iOS

Android

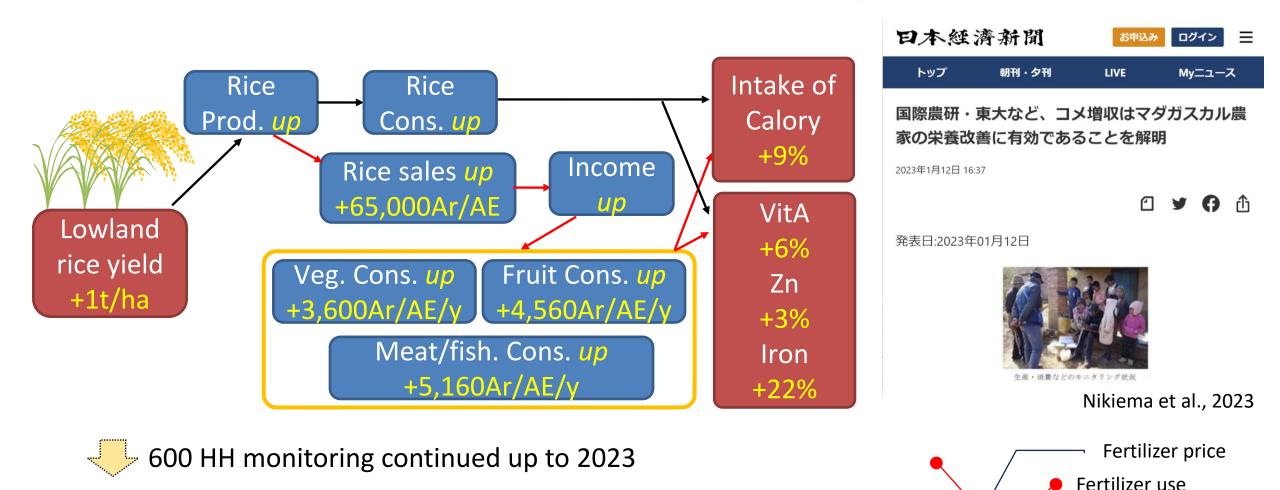


In collaboration with AfricaRice and others

Tanaka et al. (under review)

Rice yield gain contributes to the human nutrition in quantity & quality by increasing the income and purchases of nutritious food items in Madagascar

Based on the survey to 600 HH in 60 villages from 2018 to 2020 PASAN (IFNA) activities



Impact assessment of high fertilizer price on prod. & cons. at HH level

