

































Coalition for African Rice Development

19th Steering Committee Meeting

- Rice value chain development through engagement of private sector -

Sofitel Abidjan Hotel Ivoire, Côte d'Ivoire

3rd July 2023



Announcement from the Secretariat

1. Meeting documents, including all presentation slides, are electronically available (no hard copies are distributed).

2. WhatsApp group for questions and comments

→ Please find an email from Tomokazu Nagai on 2 July.

Co-Chairs



Dr. Baboucarr Manneh Director General, AfricaRice



AM



Mr. Shinjiro Amameishi Deputy Director General, Economic Development Department, JICA



OPENING REMARKS

Dr. Baboucarr Manneh, AfricaRice



TODAY'S AGENDA & SCHEDULE



Monday 3rd July 2023

Co-chairs

Morning: AfricaRice

Afternoon: JICA

Time	Item	Presenter
9:00-9:05	Opening remarks	Co-chair (AfricaRice)
9:05-9:15	Recap of discussions in SC18	CARD Secretariat
9:15-9:35	CARD Progress	CARD Secretariat
9:35-10:20	Key points to be covered in <u>GM9</u>	CARD Secretariat
	 i) Continuous support to the CARD member countries in NRDS implementation 	SC members
	ii) Continuous support to relevant stakeholders for regional strategy development/implementation led by RECs	
	iii) <u>Good</u> practices of Industrialization through private sector engagement	
	iv) M&E Framework for CARD Phase 2	
10:20-11:00	(Photo session)	
	Coffee break	
11:00-12:30	Rice related activities by SC members (15 min. each)	AATF
		AfDB
		FARA
		IFAD
12:30-13:30	Lunch	
13:30-15:30	Rice related activities by SC members (15 min. each)	JICA
	(continued)	JIRCAS
		WB
		WFP
		COMESA
15:30-16:05	CARD M&E	CARD Secretariat
16:05-16:25	Schedule of future CARD meetings	CARD Secretariat
16:25-16:30	Closing remarks	JICA

INTRODUCTION OF MEMBERS/PARTNERS



Supporting partners (Steering Committee members)

5 RECs











14 Development Partners































RECAP OF THE 18TH STEERING COMMITTEE



SC18 Highlights

Dates: 29-30 September 2022

Venue: Julius Nyerere International Convention Center, Dar es Salaam, Tanzania

Participants: 13 SC and RECs representatives

- Participants shared updates on their rice-related activities
- Participants suggested potential M&E indicators that could be added to 12 common indicators
- Several SC member participants demonstrated their interests in financially supporting the implementation of ERDS as well as the operation of CARD Secretariat







SC18 Way Forward

Country level

- Continue support for the formulation of NRDS2 in the remaining 12 countries
- Continue support for the implementation of NRDS2

Regional level

- Continue support to ECOWAS and EAC for their Regional Strategy implementation
- Support SADC for its Regional Strategy formulation

M&E framework

- Continue to support member countries for conducting the M&E Baseline study
- Support the organization of Annual Rice Sector Review Meetings at the country and regional levels where possible



CARD PROGRESS



Progress to date in Phase 2

- 1. Progress in figures
- 2. Support for formulation/revision of NRDS
- 3. Support for implementation and M&E of NRDS
- 4. Support to RECs



Before that...



New General Coordinator of the CARD Secretariat: Ken Fujie

- Joined JICA (Japan International Cooperation Agency) in 1990
- Field experiences in Kenya (1994-97, 2006-09, 2023-),
 Nigeria (2009-11), Tanzania (2015-18 EAC Secretariat), US (1999-2002 USAID)
- Area: Industrial Development, Trade & Investment



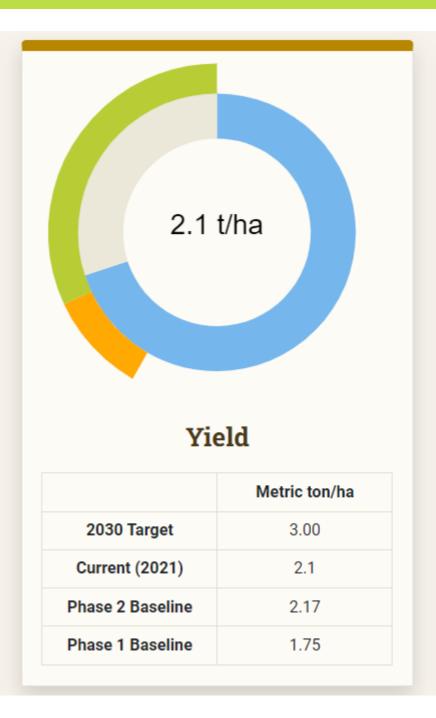
Progress to date in Phase 2

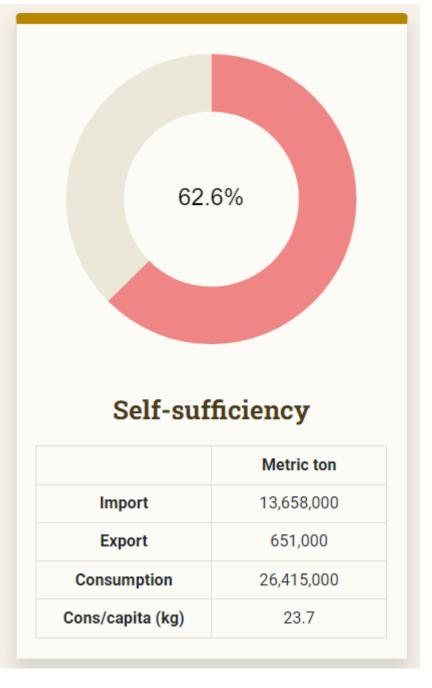
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- 2. Support for formulation/revision of NRDS
- 3. Support for implementation and M&E of NRDS
- 4. Support to RECs



Progress Monitoring (rice statistics)



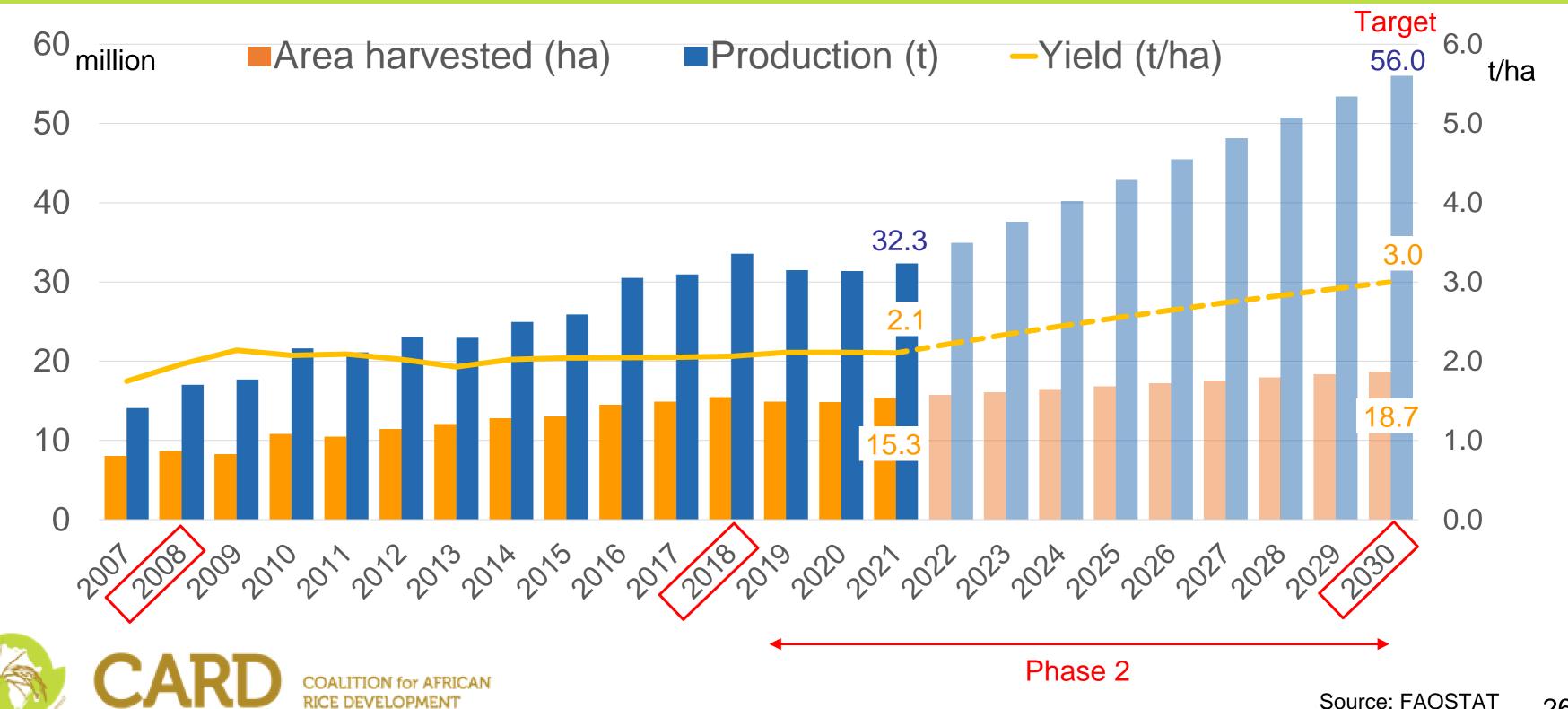






Source: Calculated using data from FAOSTAT. Not only 32 CARD member countries but all Sub-Saharan African countries are included. Data from Food Balance Sheet are converted from paddy to milled rice equivalent, using the rate of 0.667, which is also used by FAOSTAT. Consumption refers to the element "Food" in Food Balance Sheet.

Production, area harvested, and yield of paddy rice in Sub-Saharan Africa



Progress to date in Phase 2

- 1. Progress in figures
- 2. Support for formulation/revision of NRDS
- 3. Support for implementation and M&E of NRDS
- 4. Support to RECs



Progress of NRDS2 formulation process

G1 Country	WW1	WW2	WW3	
Cameroon	Validated L			
Ghana	Validated		*	
Guinea	→ →		→I II	
Kenya	Validated			
Madagascar	\	/alidated		
Mali	(-2025)			
Mozambique	\	/alidated		
Nigeria	Validated			
Senegal	Validated •			
Sierra Leone	Validated			
Tanzania	\	/alidated		
Uganda	\	/alidated		

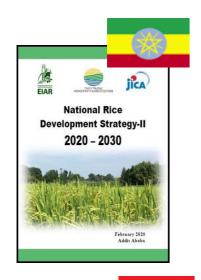
G2 Country	WW1 WW2		WW3	
Benin	Validated L			
Burkina Faso	Validated			
Côte d'Ivoire	→	→	→ □	
CAR	(-2025)		#	
DR Congo	Validated			
Ethiopia	Validated _			
The Gambia	Validated			
Liberia	Validated =			
Rwanda	Validated <u></u>			
Togo	Validated <u>***</u>			
Zambia	\	/alidated		

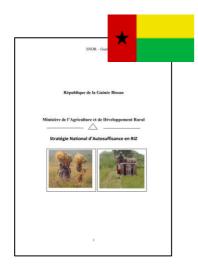
G3 Country	WW1	WW2	WW3
Angola	×		
Burundi	→	→	→ ×
Chad	→ →		→ ■
Congo	Validated		
Gabon	→	→ =	
Guinea Bissau	(-2025)		*
Malawi	→	→	→
Niger	Validated		
Sudan	Validated		

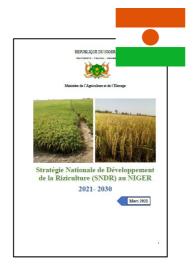
25 countries have NRDS25 countries almost done2 countries working on it

National Rice Development Strategy 2 (NRDS2) Formulation progress



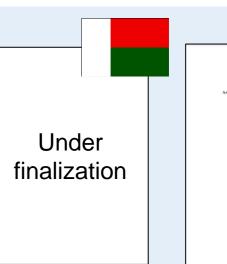








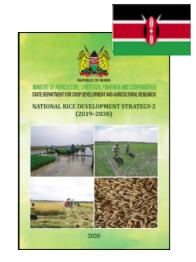
10 NRDS2 validated during the past year



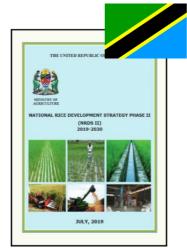


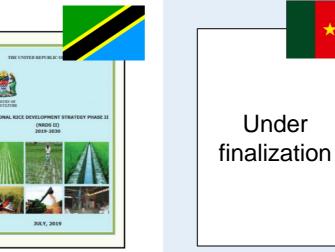




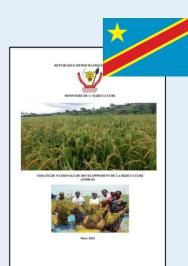






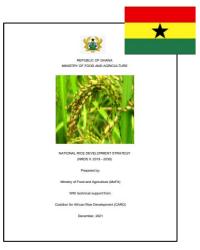




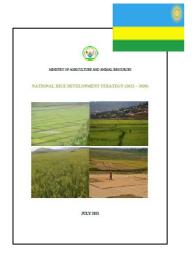




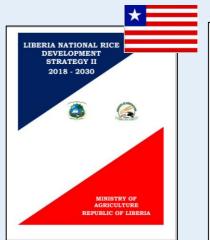




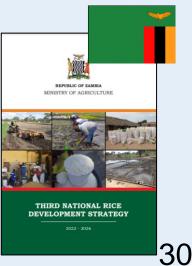










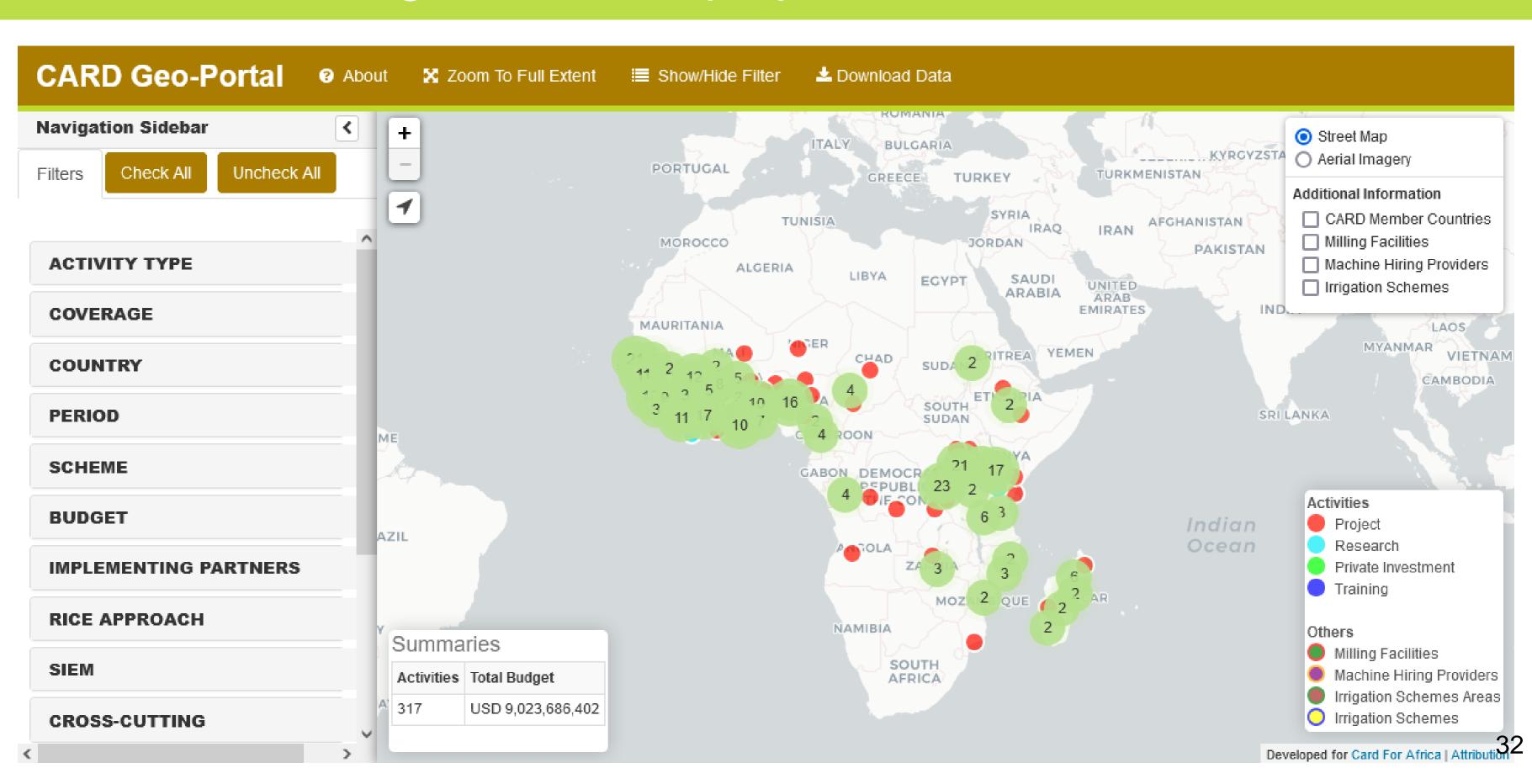


Progress to date in Phase 2

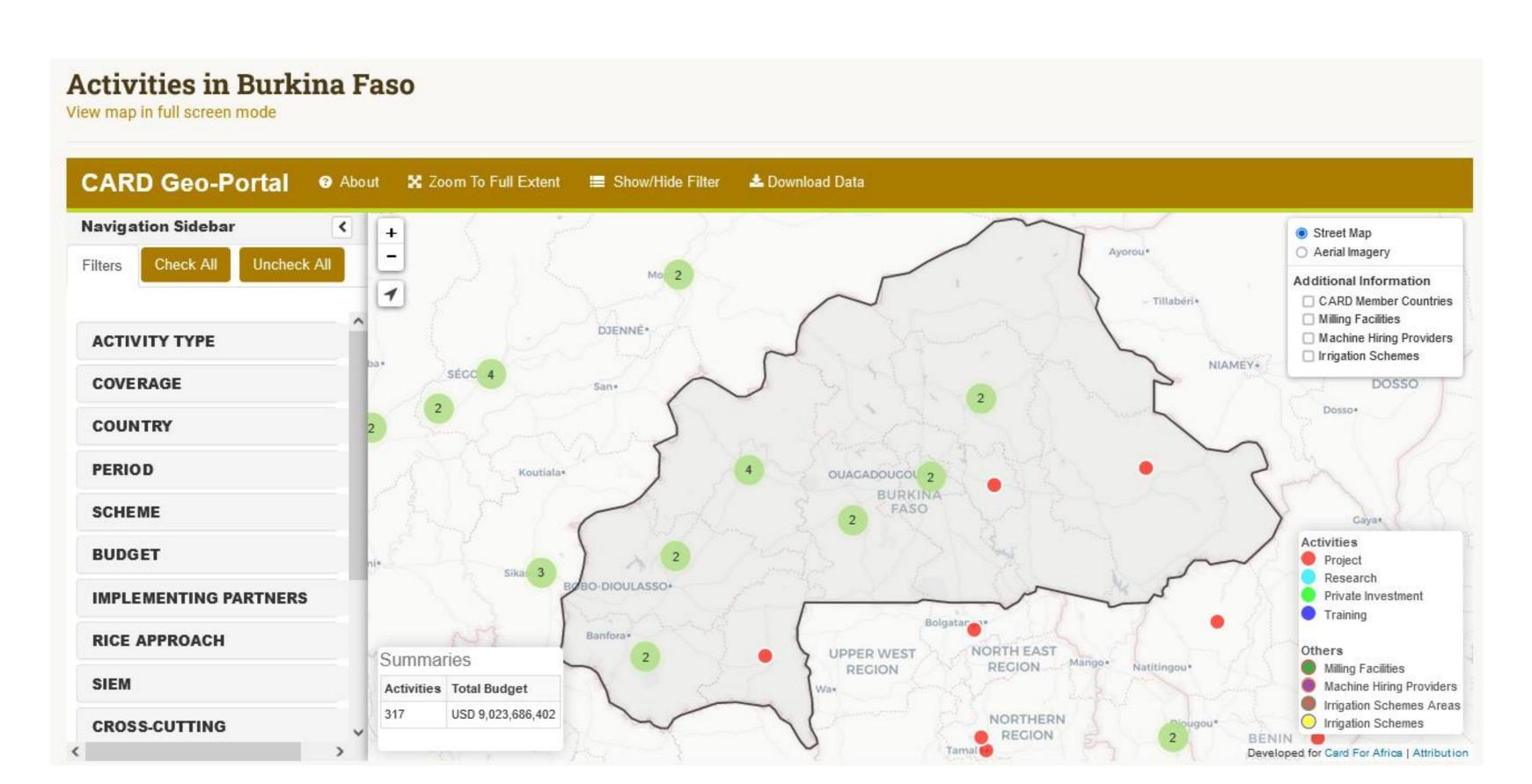
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Tracking rice related projects on CARD website



On going activities (country page)



Strategies and Concept Notes (country page)

Strategy in Burkina Faso



Investment Opportunities in Burkina Faso

NRDS2-CNs Summary	NRDS2-CN1	NRDS2-CN2	NRDS2-CN3	NRDS2-CN4	NRDS2-CN5
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- NRDS2-CN1: Projet d'intensification des systèmes de production rizicole
- NRDS2-CN2: Projet Mecanisation Des Operations de production, de recolte et de post-recolte du riz (PM/OPR)
- NRDS2-CN3: Projet d'Appui à la transformation du riz du Burkina
- NRDS2-CN4: Projet d'amélioration de la compétitivité du riz du Burkina
- NRDS2-CN5: Projet de renforcement de la recherche-action sur la chaine de valeur riz

Agriculture projects with rice components in CARD member countries (commenced between 2019 and 2021) (1)

Benin

Projet Programme d'appui au développement des Filières Agricoles (PROFI)

Burkina_Faso

Programme de Coopération Agricole Burkina Faso/Republique Populaire de Chine (PCA-BF/CH)

PROGRAMME DE VALORISATION DU POTENTIEL AGRO-PASTORAL DANS L'EST DU BURKINA FASO

PROGRAMME DES RISQUES AGRICOLES ET ALIMENTAIRES (PRAA)

PROJET AGRICULTURE CONTRACTUELLE ET TRANSITION ECOLOGIQUE (PACTE)

PROJET DE DEVELOPPEMENT D'INCUBATEUR D'ENTREPRENEURS DANS LES FILIERES AGRICOLES PORTEUSES

PROJET DE DEVELOPPEMENT D'INFRASTRUCTURES AGRICOLES POST RECOLTES (PDIAP)

Projet Programme d'appui au développement des Filières Agricoles (PROFI)

Burundi

Private Seed Sector Development

Projet d'Appui à l'Inclusion Financière Agricole et Rurale du Burundi

Promotion des pratiques agro écologiques dans les coopératives accompagnées par ADISCO

Cameroon

Aménagement et Valorisation des Investissements sur la Vallée du Logone et la Vallée de la Benoué

Côte d'Ivoire

Projet d'Aménagement Hydro Agricole Folon Kabadougou

Projet de Promotion du Riz Local en République de Côte d'Ivoire 2

DR_Congo

Inclusive and Resilient Rural Development Support Project

Ethiopia

Agricultural Growth and Transformation Advisor

Agriculture projects with rice components in CARD member countries (commenced between 2019 and 2021) (2)

Ghana

Improvement of rice value chain in Central Region

Guinea

Projet d appui a la transformation de l agriculture guineenne PATAG

Projet d appui au developpement agricole du development du pole G PADAG

Projet d'appui au programme national de la statistique agricole et au foncierrural

Projet de developpement de l'agriculture integre guinnee

Projet de développement rural integre de Gaoual-Koundara- Mali

Projet de developpment chane de valeur riz

Projet de valorisation du riz local en guinee

Projet developpement de chaine de valeur du riz

Projet pour la Promotion de la Production, de Transformation et de la Commercialisation du riz local en Basse-Guinée

Recensement nationale de agriculture et elevage(RNAE)

Kenya

Capacity Development Project for Enhancement of Rice Production in Irrigation schemes in Kenya (CaDPERP)

National Value Chain Support Programme (NVSP)

Strengthening the Rice Sector in East Africa for Improved Productivity and Competitiveness of Domestic Rice

Liberia

Integrated Sustainable Rice System Development

Sustaining Peace and Improving Social Cohesion through the Promotion of Rural Employment in Conflict Prone Areas

Madagascar

Projet d'Appui pour l'Amélioration de la Productivité et de l'Industrialisation du secteur RIZ (PAPRIZ III)

Agriculture projects with rice components in CARD member countries (commenced between 2019 and 2021) (3)

Mali

Contrat plan Etat - ADRS-Exploitants Agricoles

Contrat plan Etat - OPIB-Producteurs

Contrat plan ODRS-Etat- Producteurs

CONTRAT PLAN ORS-ETAT-PRODUCTEURS

Support for the national small-scale irrigated agriculture program in Timbuktu and Mopti

Mozambique

Agro-Industry Promotion Project in the Zambezi Valley Region - ADVZ

Rice Value Chain Intensification and Promotion Program

Niger

Activités de la Maison du Paysan

Programme d'appui à la campagne pastorale

Programme de Soutien à la Campagne Agricole

Programme de Vaccination et de Déparasitage

Programme de Vulgarisation des Cultures Irriguées

Projet Conjoint de Promotion de la Cohésion Sociale entre Agriculteurs et Eleveurs

Projet d'Appui à la Petite Irrigation PAPI

Projet de Renforcement de la Résilience de l'Agriculture face aux changements Climatiques (PRRACC)

Projet Intégré pour la modernisation de l'Elevage et de l'Agriculture pour la Transformation du monde rural au Niger

Nigeria

Provision of equipment and machinery for rice postharvest activities

Agriculture projects with rice components in CARD member countries (commenced between 2019 and 2021) (4)

Republic_Congo

Etude expérimentale et recherche rizicole à Kombé, Brazzaville

Programme de développement économique et social de la République du Congo

Senegal

Africarice project

Femmes, Agricultures et résilience (FAR)/ Women, agriculture, resilience

GIZ-Manobi- Africa Rice

Mieux connaître l'eau: vers un accès plus équitable et plus durable aux ressources naturelles

Ndundal suuf project

Programme d'Appui au Programme National d'Investissement dans l'Agriculture au Sénégal (PAPSEN sud)

Projet Agropole Nord/Northen Agropole

Projet de production de riz irrigué dans la vallée du fleuve Sénégal

Projet de promotion de la chaine de valeur riz (Projet BID)

Projet De Valorisation des Eaux pour le Développement des Chaines de Valeur (PROVALE -CV)

Renforcement des capacités des producteurs pour réduire les pertes de riz après récolte et partenariat public-privé

Services de la chaine de vaeurs/ Value Chain Services

Sierra_Leone

Agricultural Value Chain Development Project (AVDP)

Regional Rice Value Chain Project (RRVCP)

Sierra Leone Agribusiness Rice Value Chain Support Project (SLARiS)

Tanzania

Competitive African Rice Initiative in East Africa (CARI-EA) Project

Iringa Mitigation, Adaptation, Productivity for Climate Smart Agriculture (IMAP4CSA)

Agriculture projects with rice components in CARD member countries (commenced between 2019 and 2021) (5)

The_Gambia

Regional Rice Value Chains Development Project (RRVCDP)

Rice Value Chains Transformation Programme (RVCTP)

Uganda

Establishment of Sustainable Model Villages

Project for the Establishment of Irrigation System in Atari Basin Area

Promotion of Rice Development (PRIDE II) Project II

Zambia

Expansion of Community-Based Smallholder Irrigation Development Project (E-COBSI)

Market-Oriented Rice Development Project (MOReDeP)

76 projects in 21 countries

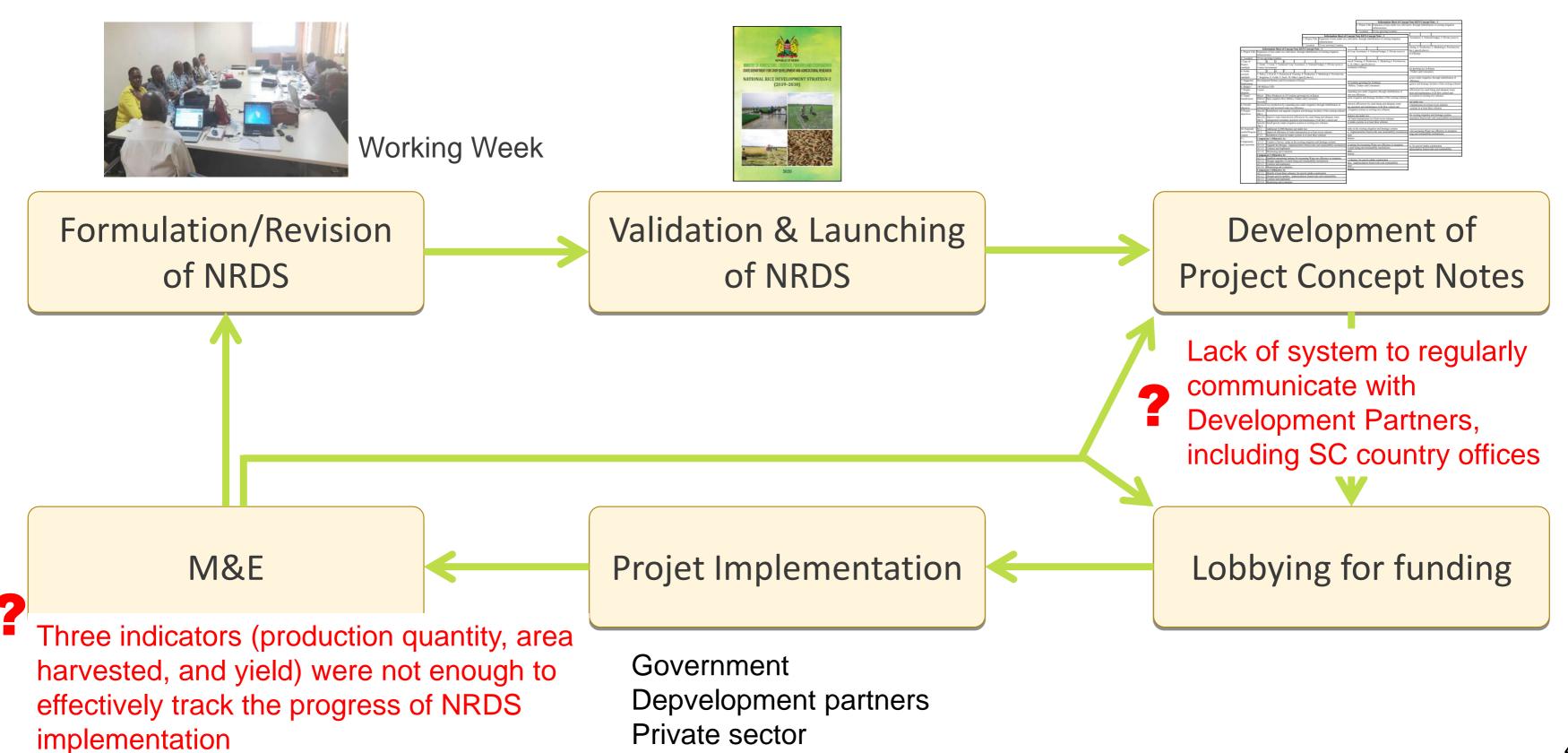
Note: Portion of rice components is not clear at this moment; Information on projects starting in 2022 and 2023 is yet to be collected (some of those new projects will be presented in Agenda 2 by NRDS Focal Point persons).

Progress to date in Phase 2

- 1. Progress in figures
- 2. Support for formulation/revision of NRDS
- 3. Support for implementation and M&E of NRDS
- 4. Support to RECs



Challenges faced during Phase 1



Enhanced M&E framework for Phase 2 for accelerating NRDS implementation





2

Introduction of new M&E tool

Sub-sector/Intervention Elements Matrices (SIEM)

+

4 Overall indicators

- Production quantity
- Area
- Yield
- Self-sufficiency

•

8 RICE indicators

- 2 Resilience
- 2 Industrialization
- 2 Competitiveness
- 2 Empowerment& Retail price

For better tracking the progress of NRDS implementation

Baseline study

Objectives:

- Set baseline and target figures for 12 indicators + price
- Establish data collection methodology

Annual Rice Sector Review Meeting

- NRDS TF updates SIEM and 12 indicators
- NRDS TF organizes
 Annual Rice Sector Review
 Meeting
 - SC members' country offices will be invited
 - Discuss required intervensions
 - NRDS TF lobbys for additional funding

4

Dissemination through CARD website

NRDS TF updates their country page in CARD website for wider audience (potential funders)

For more regularly and actively lobbying for funding for implementation of NRDS

Every year (or once every two years) up to 2030

M&E baseline study progress

1

tool



2







Baseline study

Annual Rice Sector Review Meeting

Dissemination through CARD website

7 countries have completed the study

4 countries ongoing

Burkina Faso



Kenya



Malawi



Rwanda



Tanzania



Togo



Zambia



Extract from the procedural manual of Tanzania, describing how to collect data

Indicator 6: Quantity of Seeds of Resilient Varieties (MT)

Level of results	Output		
Responsible	Tanzania Official Seed Certification Institute (TOSCI).		
institutions			
Definition	Quantity of seeds of locally preferred varieties with resilient characteristics, locally		
	produced and/or imported annually.		
Formula	Quantity (MT) of Seeds of Resilient Varieties = Quantity of Certified Seeds of Resilient		
	Varieties (locally produced + imported) + Quantity of QDS of Resilient Varieties locally		
	produced (MT).		
Data collection	a) First step is to obtain information from the TOSCI catalogue that is published		
methodology	annually regarding the varieties, for which Certified and/or QDS seed was produced		
	in the year under monitoring (See Appendix 4).		
	b) Use the catalogue to determine which of those varieties meet the resilience		
	characteristics.		
	c) Extract information on the quantities of seed produced as certified, or approved as		
	Quality Declared Seed (QDS), from Annual Reports produced by TOSCI to		
	compliment the data from the Catalogue of Varieties.		
	d) Fill in the Table as presented in Appendix 2 to establish a summary that can be used		
	for NRDS-II M&E.		
	e) Validate the information with TOSCI and TARI-Ifakara, to obtain more insights on		
	the characteristics of the rice varieties.		
Disaggregation	Disaggregation of quantity of locally produced and imported rice seeds.		
needed			
Source of Data	TOSCI		
Frequency	Annually – can be collected at the end of rice production season in each calendar year		

Progress to date in Phase 2

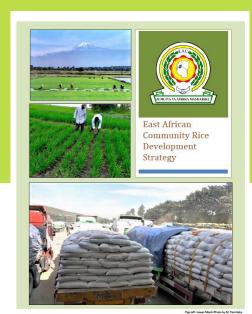
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EAC

ERDS Implementation Plan



Regional workshop

Dates: 20-24 February 2023

Venue: Sarova Stanley Nairobi Hotel, Kenya

Participants: ERP members, NRDS FPs, Kilimo Trust, EAC Secretariat

- Implementation Plan with 5 Strategic Objectives was formulated
- ➤ ERDS with its Implementation Plan was approved by the 16th Sectoral Council on Agriculture and Food Security of EAC in May 2023
- Request for funding for implementing ERDS was/will be sent to SC members, such as FAO and JICA









ECOWAS Harmonization of M&E indicators

CARD 12 indicators + price

Category	Indicator
Overall	O1: Quantity of paddy produced (ton)
	O2: Total area harvested (ha)
	O3: Yield per unit area (t/ha)
	O4: Self-sufficiency (%)
Resilience	R1: Area under irrigation (ha)
	R2: Quantity of resilient variety seeds (ton)
Industrialization	I1: Level of industrial milling capacity (%)
	I2: Level of mechanization in production (unit)
Competitive-ness	C1: Share of local rice in the market (%)
	C2: Quantity of high-yielding variety seeds (ton)
Empowerment	E1: Smallholder farmers' accessibility to financial services (%)
	E2: Smallholder farmers' accessibility to technical training and services (%)
Price	Retail price of locally produced and imported rice (USD/Kg)

ERO 16 indicators

Category	Indicator	
KPI1	Volume of paddy produced (ton)	
Paddy Volume	Regional rice self-sufficiency (%)	
	Ratio volume of paddy produced and area cultivated (t/ha)	
KPI2	Average yield (t/ha)	
Farm Productivity	Farm utilizing high-yielding and climate resilient seed varieties (ha)	
	Area under irrigation production system (ha)	
KPI3 Farm Profitability	Farm Profitability (USD/ha)	
KPI4 Climate Smart Practices	Adoption of climate smart practices (%)	
KPI5 Market Share	Market share by consumer of ECOWAS milled rice (%)	
KPI6 Level of Milling	Level of industrial milling capacity (%)	
	Rice mill capacity utilization (%)	
KPI7 Import Dependency	Volume of imported rice into ECOWAS (ton)	
	Value of imported rice into ECOWAS (USD)	
KPI8 Value Distribution	Farmers in contacting agreement with millers (%)	
	Rice farmers with access to finance (%)	
	Rice millers with access to finance (%)	

POINTS TO BE COVERED IN THE GM9



Expected outcomes of GM9

- 1. Knowledge of stakeholders on the progress of NRDS2-related activities at the country level since the onset of phase 2 improved
- 2. Stakeholders' understanding on the regional integration of rice sector development strengthened
- 3. Understanding among stakeholders on the CARD's M&E framework at continental, regional and country levels enhanced
- 4. Knowledge of stakeholders on the importance of "Industrialization pillar" of the RICE approach in addressing the continent's food security issue improved



Day 1 Tuesday 4th July 2023

Co-chairs

Morning: AfricaRice

Afternoon:
Côte d'Ivoire

Time	Item	Presenter
08:30-08:55	Registration	
08:55-09:00	Announcement about co-chairs	
09:00-09:45	Opening Ceremony - Welcome remarks by co-Chair (5 min.) Minute of silence for Mr. Affo, former FP, Benin - Remarks by Director of CARD Secretariat (7 min.) - Remarks by H.E. Japanese Ambassador (10 min.) - Opening Remarks by Hon. Minister of Agriculture and Rural Development of Côte d'Ivoire (10 min.)	AfricaRice AGRA Embassy of Japan MEMINADER
09:45-10:15	(Photo session) Coffee break	
10:15-10:20	Approval of agenda	Co-chair
10:20-10:50	Agenda 1: Report of the previous General Meeting Progress of CARD Phase 2	CARD Secretariat
10:50-12:45	Agenda 2: Updates of NRDS formulation/implementation (7 min. each)	Angola, Benin, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Central Africa, Chad, Congo Rep., Côte d'Ivoire, DR Congo, Gabon, The Gambia, Ghana
12:45-13:45	Lunch	
13:45-14:55	Agenda 2: Updates of NRDS formulation/implementation (7 min. each) (continued)	Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Liberia, Madagascar, Malawi, Mali, Niger
14:55-15:45	Agenda 3: Research on Productivity Improvement	JICA Research Institute
15:45-17:55	Agenda 2: Updates of NRDS formulation/implementation (7 min. each) (continued)	Nigeria, Rwanda, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Sudan, Uganda, Zambia
17:55-18:00	Wrap-up of the day	Country co-chair
18:00-19:00	Welcome cocktail	

Day 2 Wednesday 5th July 2023

Co-chairs

Morning: **JICA**

Afternoon: Burundi

Time	Item	Presenter
08:30-09:00	Registration	
09:00-10:45	Agenda 4: Coordination through CARD initiative - Updates of assistance by CARD supporting partners (5 min.) - Rice Flagship Program (15 min.) - Policy support for industrialization of rice sector (15 min.) - Extending Seed Without Border to Africa (15 min.) - Opportunities after Dakar2 (Project implementation through NRDS, ECOWAS Rice offensive, EAC Rice Development Strategy etc.) (20 min.)	CARD Secretariat AGRA FAO IRRI AfDB
10:45-11:15	Coffee break	
11:15-12:15	Agenda 5 : Good practices for Industrialization of the rice sector through Private sector engagement (10 min. each)	Cameroon, Ethiopia, Kenya, Mozambique
12:15-13:15	Agenda 6: Collaboration with Private sector players - Post-harvest management through industrialization (1) (10 min.) - Post-harvest management through industrialization (2) (10 min.) - Case of Cambodia (20 min.)	AfricaRice PRORIL2 (JICA/ADERIZ) IFC
13:15-14:15	Lunch	
14:15-15:30	Agenda 7: Progress with RRDS through RECs - Progress in CARD support for formulation/implementation of RRDS (5 min.) - EAC Rice Development Strategy Action Plan (15 min.) - Progress of regional Rice Strategy formulation (15 min.) - National Chapter under ECOWAS Rice Observatory (15 min.)	CARD Secretariat EAC SADC ECOWAS
15:30-16:15	Agenda 8: Progress of NRDS M&E - CARD M&E Framework and baseline studies (15 min.) - Progress in NRDS2 M&E (10 min. each)	CARD Secretariat Tanzania, Togo
16:15-16:30	Agenda 9: Way Forward	CARD Secretariat
16:30-16:50	Coffee break	
16:50-17:10	Co-chair's summary	
17:10-17:15	Closing remarks (Co-chair)	JICA

Day 3 Thursday 6th July 2023

Site Visits

AfricaRice

Time	Item	
09:00-09:30	Travel from hotels to AfricaRice's headquarters s by bus	
09:30-11:00	Presentations by AfricaRice scientists AfricaRice's post-harvest and grain quality study achievements and impacts	
11:00-11:30	Coffee break	
11:30-12:30	Sharing business experiences of woman groups in Bouaké, Côte d'Ivoire who have adopted AfricaRice's parboiling systems 1. Watching videos 2. Communications with the representatives of the woman groups	
12:30-14:00	Lunch at AfricaRice (catering by restaurant)	
14:00-17:00	Visit to large-scale millers in Yopougon, Abidjan	
17:00-17:30	Travel from Yopougon back to hotels	

PRORIL2 (JICA/ADERIZ)

Time	Item
07:00-10:30	Travel from hotels to Yamoussoukro by bus
10:30-11:00	Presentation on the project activities at the PRORIL2 office
11:30-12:30	Demonstrations (20 min. each): 1. LABORIZ 2. Color sorter demonstration by Satake 3. Dryer & Machines
12:30-13:30	Lunch (at the project office)
13:30-15:00	Site visit: Rice field (paddy production, seeds, mechanization, milling)
15:00-18:30	Travel from Yamoussoukro back to hotels in Abidjan

Key Point #1

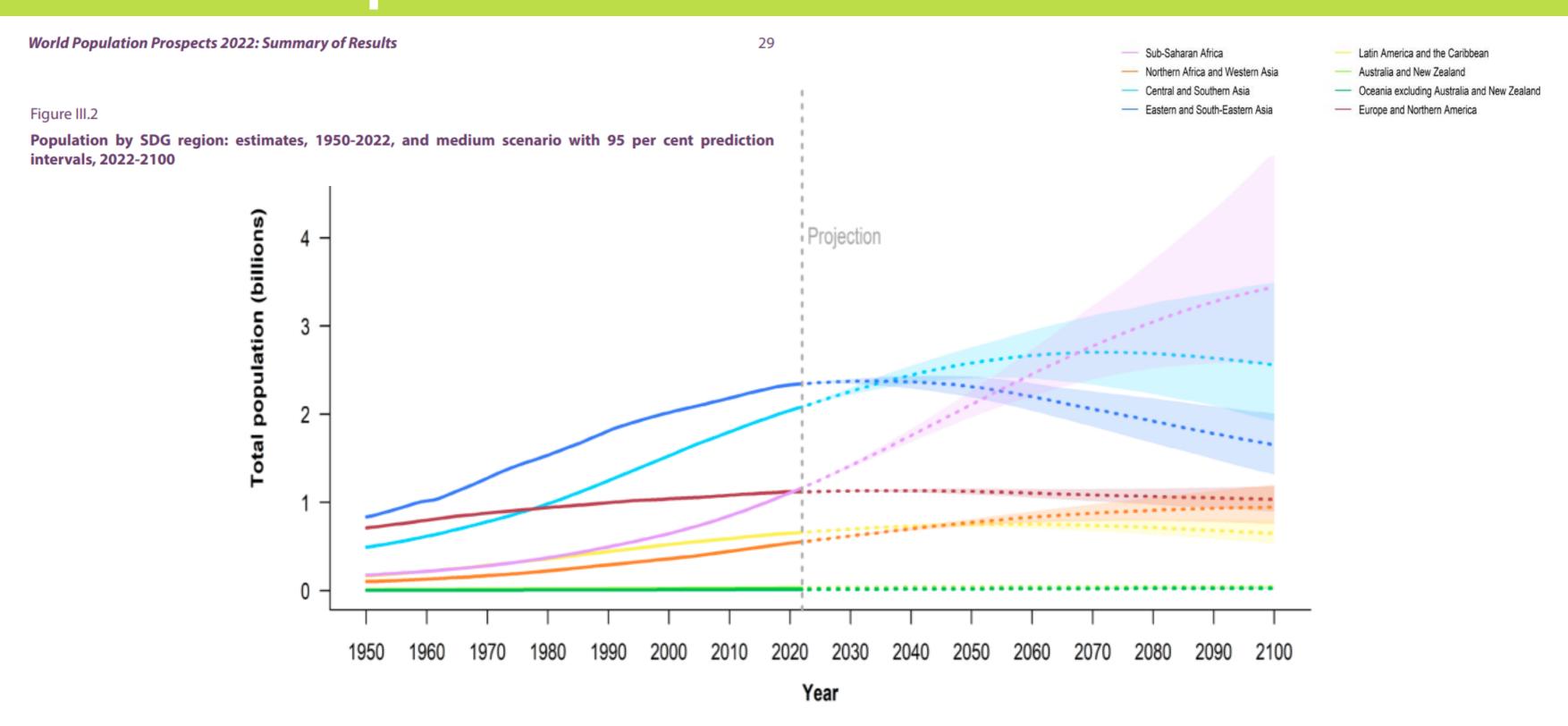
Our shared goal seems ambitious, but essential.

 The CARD Phase 2 target 56 million ton has to be maintained.

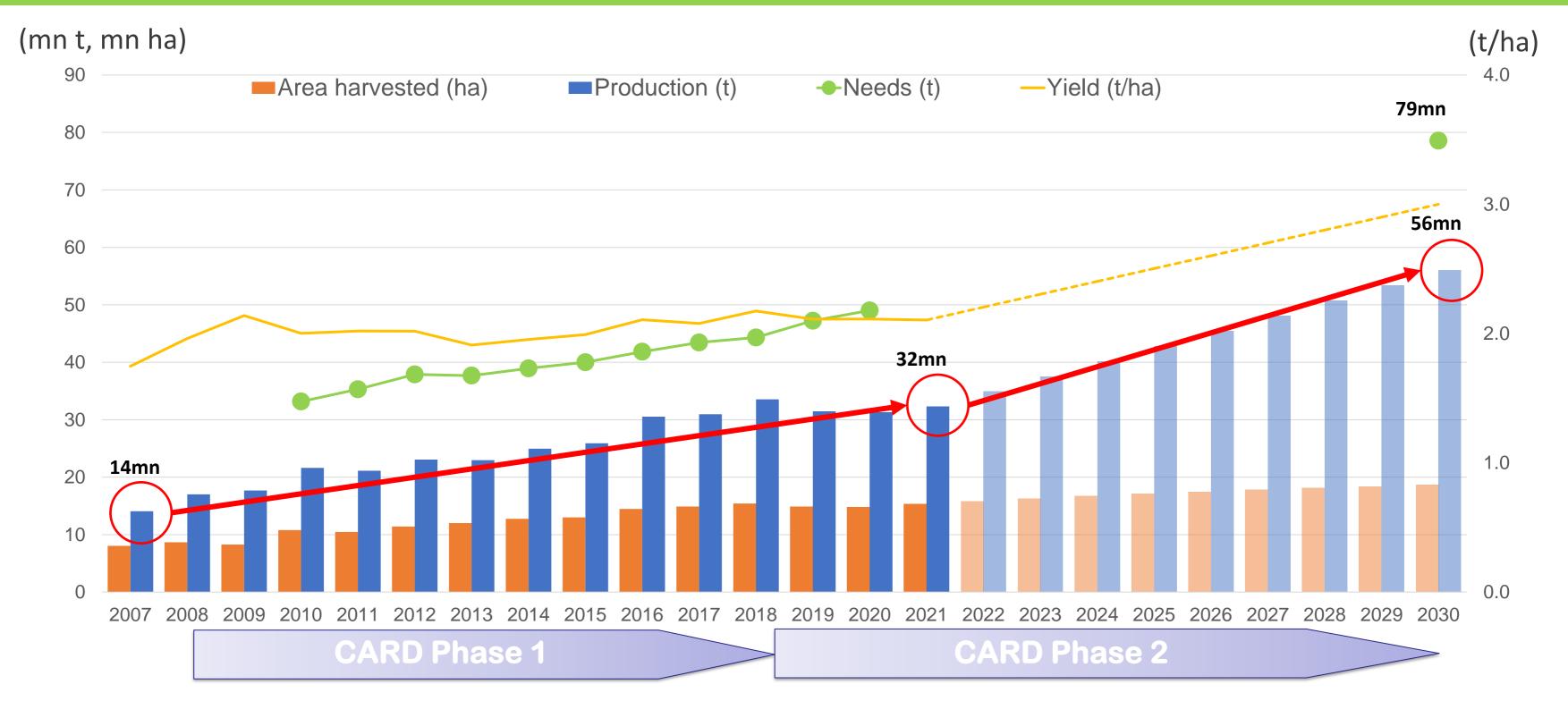


Big Picture

- Population Growth in SSA -



Expected growth in paddy production / area harvested / yield / needs during Phase 2 (from 2022 to 2030)



Source: 2007-2021: FAOSTAT

Notes: (1) Figures from 2007 to 2021 are for Sub-Saharan Africa, including non-CARD member countries; (2) Figures from 2022 to 2030 are projections, calculated in a way to reach the target production of 56 million metric tons, yield of 3.0 ha/t, and area harvested of 18.7 million ha in 2030, assuming a linear increasing trend during the period 2022-2030; (3)

Needs from 2010 to 2020 are the figures of "Domestic supply quantity" in Food Balance Sheet of FAOSTAT; and (4) Needs in 2030 are the sum of demand projection in 32 CARD member countries (thus not for the whole Sub-Saharan Africa), derived either from their NRDS2 or calculation using the estimated population and per capita rice consumption in 2030. The result is temporary and subject to change.

Key Point #2

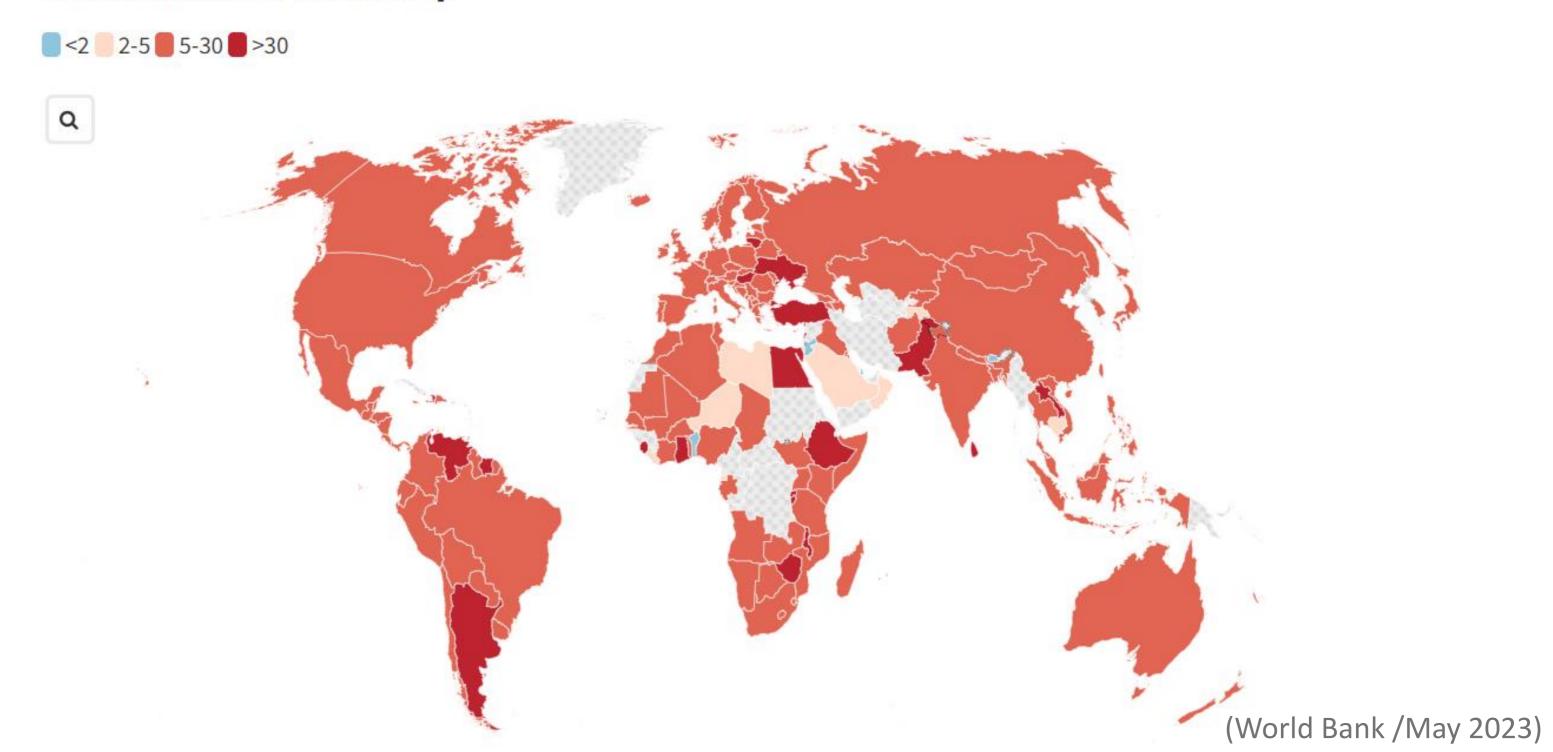
We are working under complicated circumstances.

 The comprehensive "RICE approach" to ensure a stable rice supply in the face of climate change and other global headwinds, is needed.



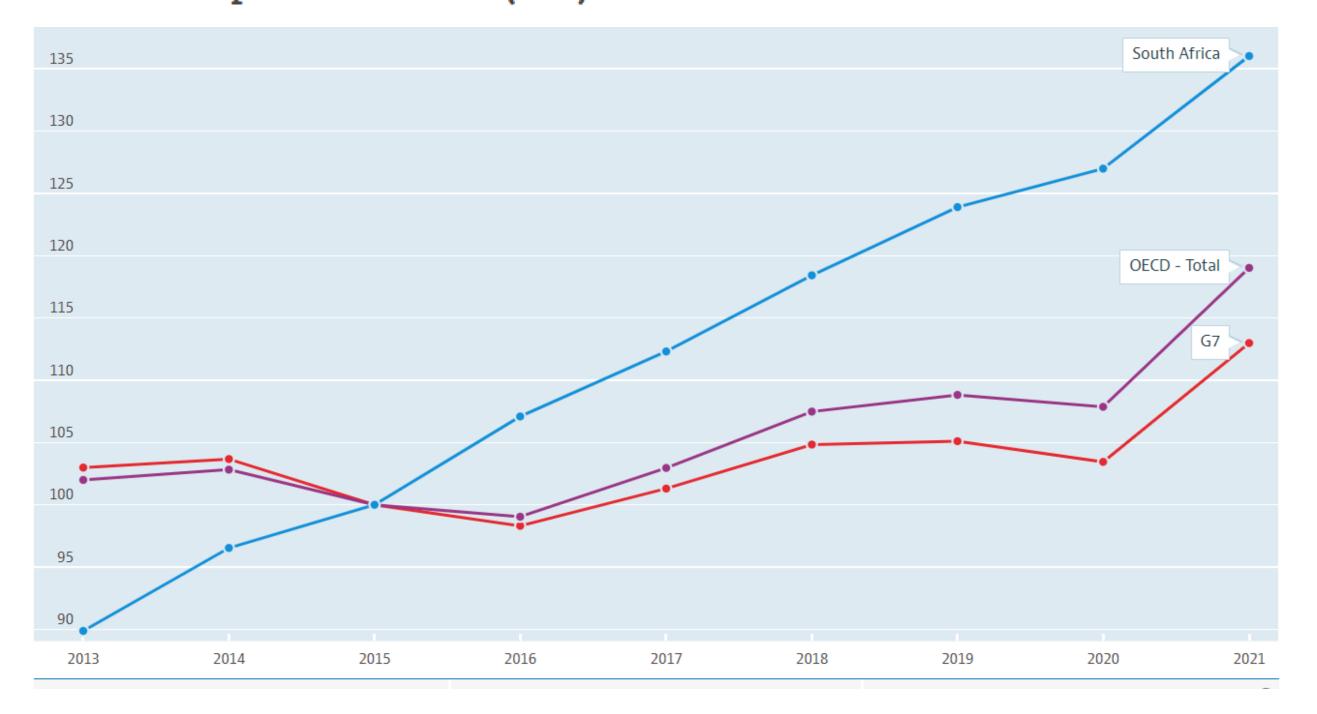
Big Picture - Food Price -

Food Inflation Heat Map



Big Picture - Cost factors -

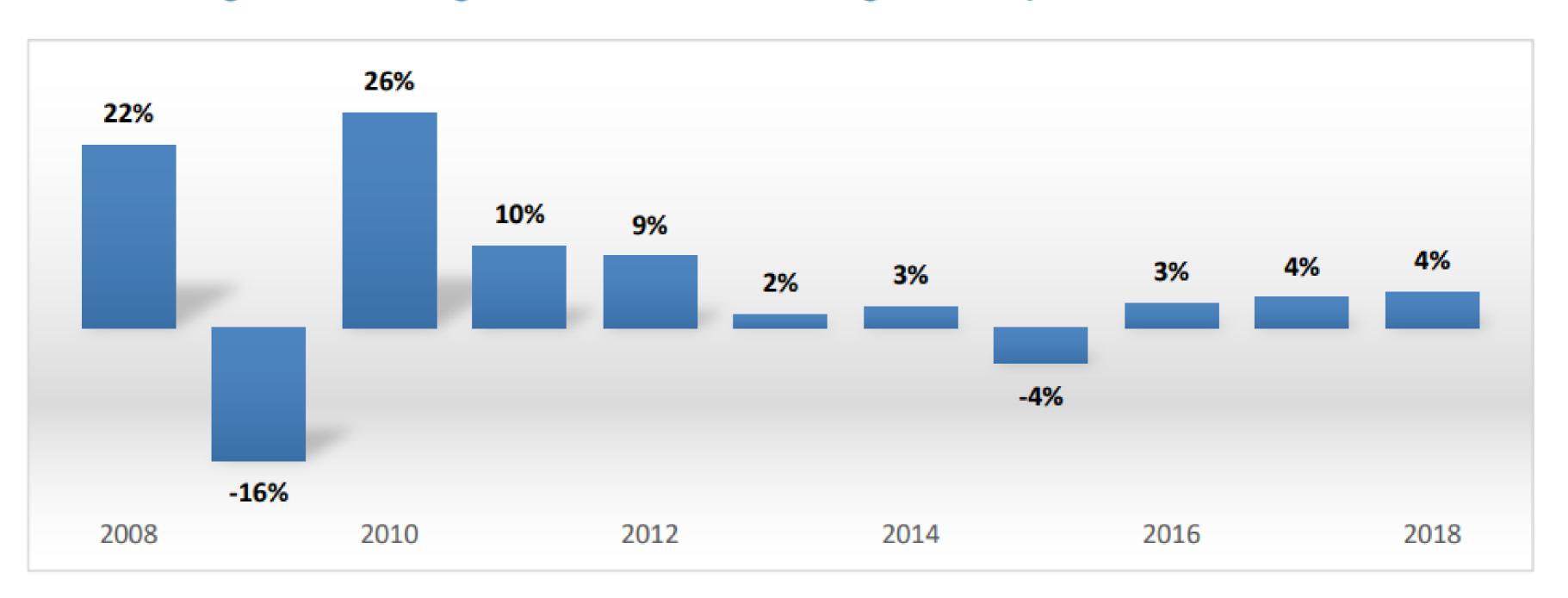
Producer price indices (PPI) Manufacturing, domestic market, 2015=100, 2013 - 2021



(Source: OECD)

Big Picture - Cost factors -

Figure 6. Annual growth rate of the PPI for agricultural products in Africa



(Source: FAO 2020)

Big Picture - Global Climate Change -

NY Times says: (20 May 2023)

Climate change brings other risks. You can no longer count on the monsoon season to start in May, as before. And so in dry years, farmers now rush to sow rice 10 to 30 days earlier than usual, researchers have found. In coastal areas, many rotate between rice and shrimp, which like a bit of saltwater.

But this requires reining in greed, said Dang Thanh Sang, 60, a lifelong rice farmer in Soc Trang. Shrimp bring in high profits, but also high risks. Disease sets in easily. The land becomes barren. He has seen it happen to other farmers.

So, on his seven acres, Mr. Dang plants rice when there's freshwater in the canals, and shrimp when seawater seeps in. Rice cleans the water. Shrimp nourishes the soil. "It's not a lot of money like growing only shrimp," he said. "But it's safer."

Elsewhere, farmers will have to shift their calendars for rice and other staple grains, researchers <u>concluded in a recent paper</u>. Scientists are already trying to help them.

Big Picture - Global Climate Change -

NY Times says: (20 May 2023)

Today, that very system of intensive production has created new problems worldwide. It has depleted aquifers, driven up fertilizer use, reduced the diversity of rice breeds that are planted, and polluted the air with the smoke of burning rice stubble. On top of that, there's climate change: It has upended the rhythm of sunshine and rain that rice depends on.

Perhaps most worrying, because rice is eaten every day by some of the world's poorest, elevated carbon dioxide concentrations in the atmosphere <u>deplete nutrients</u> from each grain.

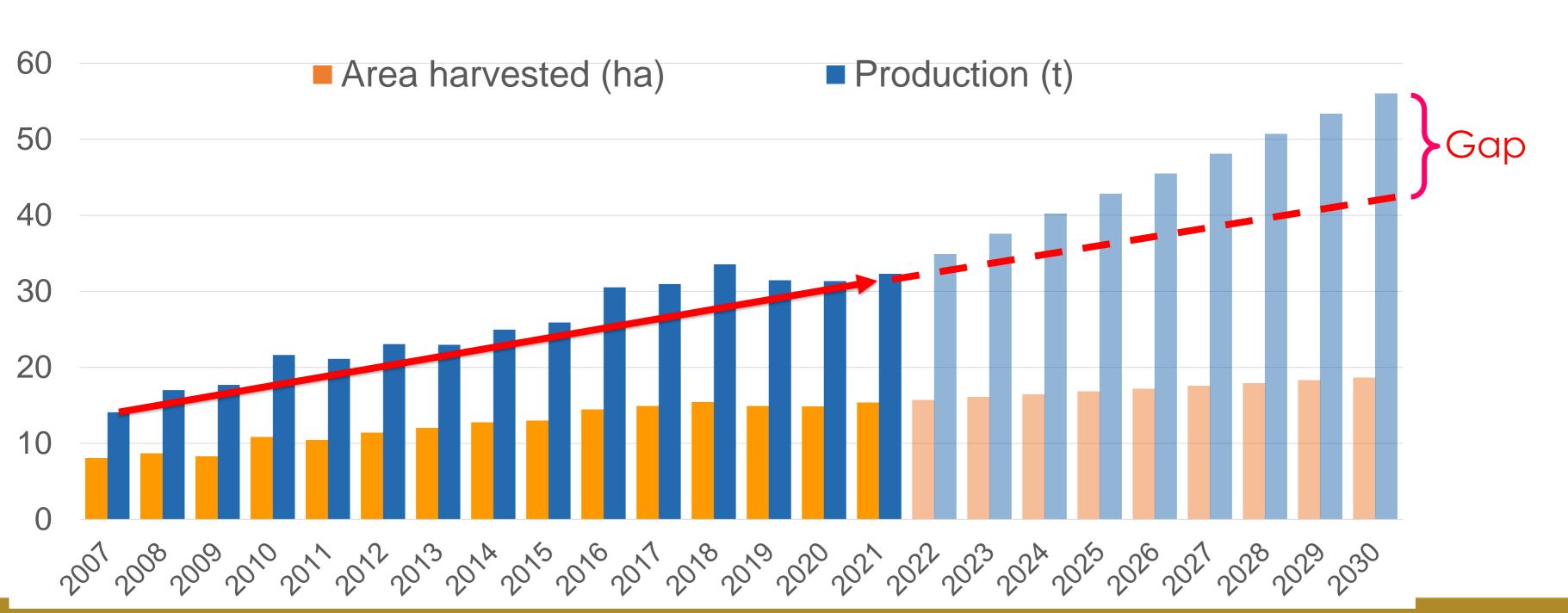
Rice faces another climate problem. It accounts for an estimated <u>8</u> percent of all global methane emissions from human activity. That's a fraction of the emissions from coal, oil and gas, which together account for 35 percent of methane emissions. But fossil fuels can be replaced by other energy sources. Rice, not so much. Rice is the staple grain for an estimated three billion people. It is biryani and pho, jollof and jambalaya — a source of tradition, and sustenance.

Key Point #3 Implementation!

 Each actor needs to play their respective roles and yet work together with a sense of urgency to achieve our shared goal.



Big Pictures - Big Gap -



Key Point #4

Industrialization is about Value Chain

- "Industrialization" is one of pillars in the RICE Approach.
- Rice Value Chain has to be consistent from seed to bowl. Private sector involvement is critical.



- Continue to provide technical and financial assistance to M&E,
- Facilitate timely mobilization of funds and investments by sharing M&E activities, especially the Annual Rice Sector Review Meeting of CARD member countries, with development partners and the private sector,



- Disseminate information on issues and measures raised at the meeting to encourage private sector investment and participation in the rice value chain and promote industrialization,
- Strengthen partnerships with research institutions, private sector, RECs, development partners, and South-South cooperation countries,



- Facilitate information-sharing on research, technology, and good practices related to rice sector development,
- Provide training on ongoing GeoPortal updates for M&E and rice-related projects,



- Share good practices of the TA component of the ricerelated projects and facilitate selection of appropriate personnel for CARD-related trainings,
- Undertake preparatory consideration of rice cultivation as a climate change factor, and other social aspects such as health and gender, and



 Follow up the Letter of Intent to join the CARD by Hon. Minister Josephine L. Yanga of South Sudan



Appeal to Development Partners

 Invest more in the rice sector, especially in value chain, and involve the private sector more.



COFFEE BREAK

