



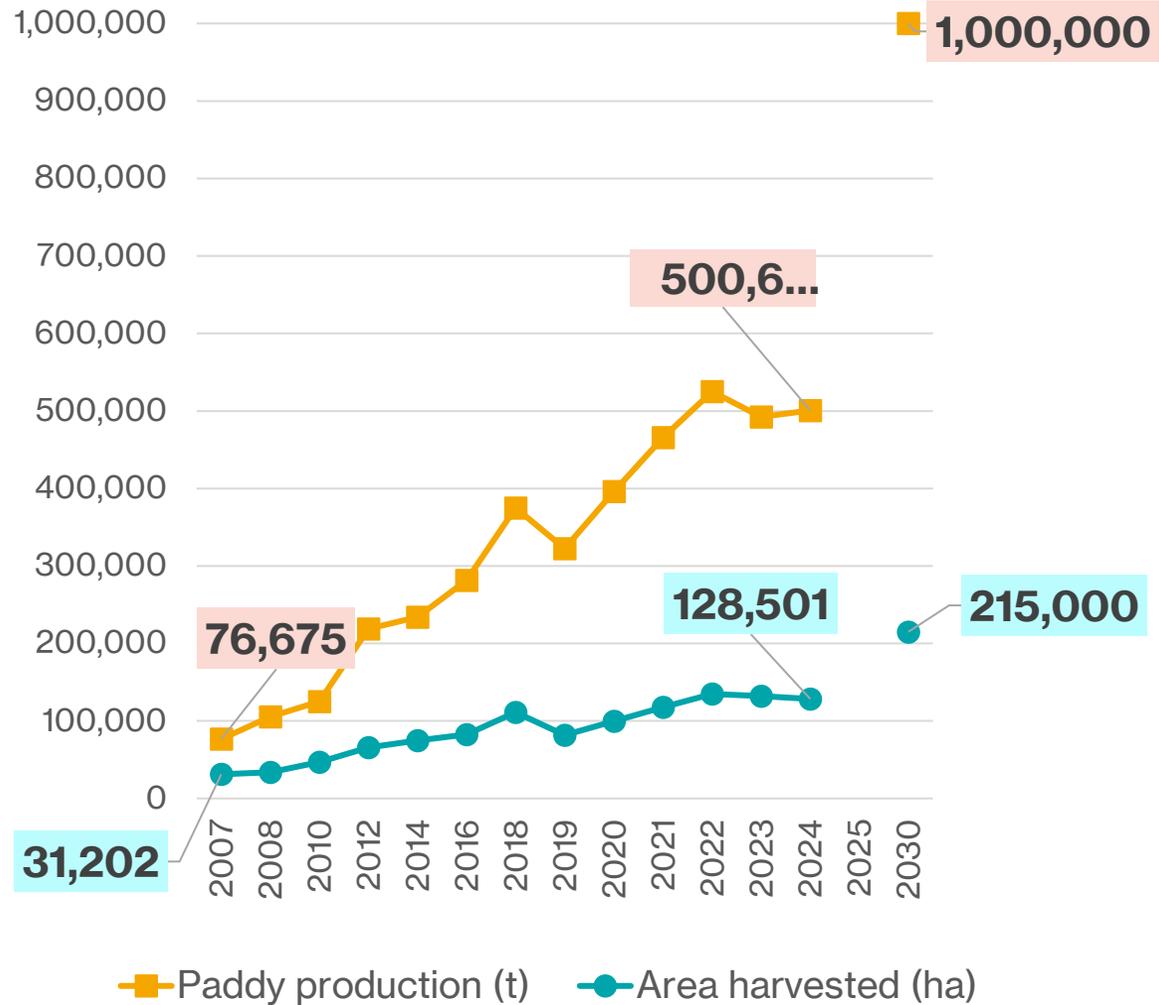
MINISTÈRE DE L'AGRICULTURE,
DE L'ÉLEVAGE ET DE LA PÊCHE
RÉPUBLIQUE DU BÉNIN

AG10 Country presentation

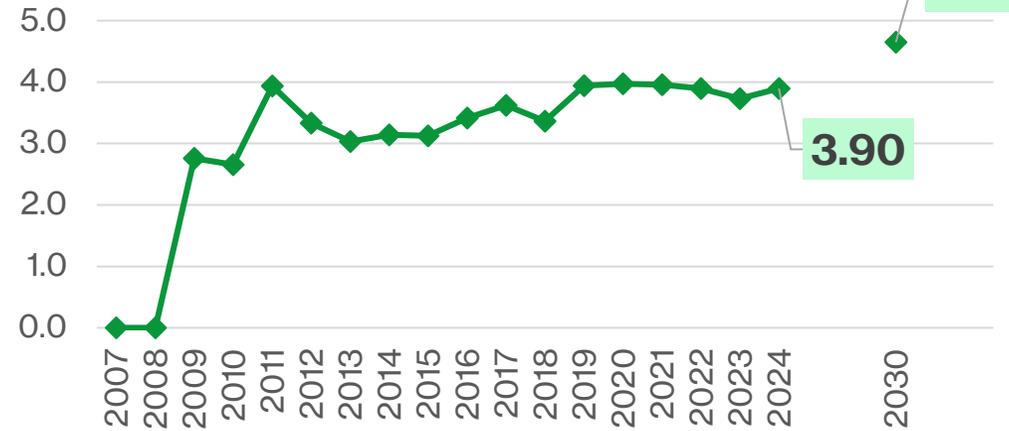
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Position: **Focal Point**

Overall indicators

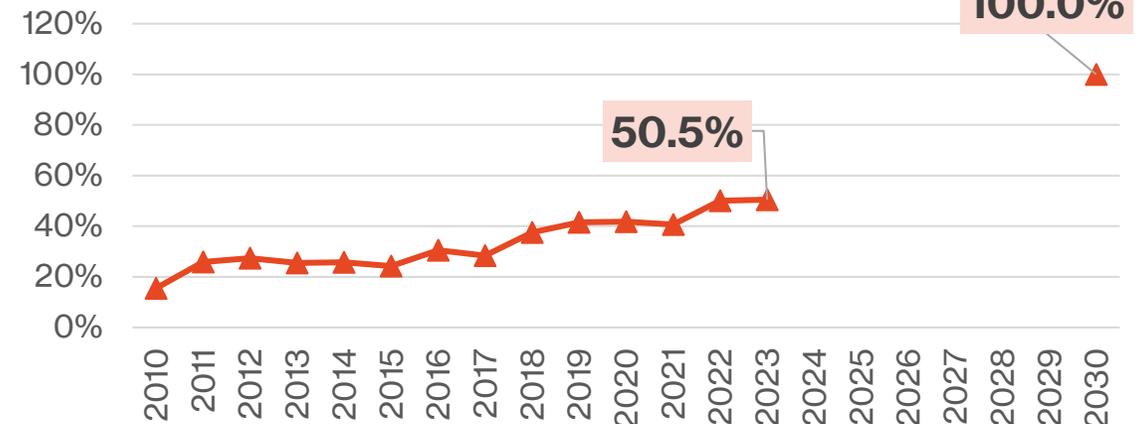
Paddy rice production and harvested area



Yield (t/ha)



Self-sufficiency rate (%)



Progress of CARD activities since AG9

Progress on SNDR development processes

Activities and Progress

Development of SNDR3

- Development of SNDR 2 in 2018 for the period 2019-2025
- Development of the National Rice Programme in 2018 and validation at a government seminar in 2019, and of the emergency programme
- Implementation of SNDR 2 through the PNDF Rice

Progress on the M&E phase of the SNDR

Activities and Progress

Monitoring phase

- Baseline Study for Monitoring the SNDR finalised in December 2024
- Annual Review of the Rice Sector in May 2025 with the participation of projects and programmes (PDI-CVA, as well as stakeholders in the sector

Implementation of the NRDS and lessons learned

New projects since GM9

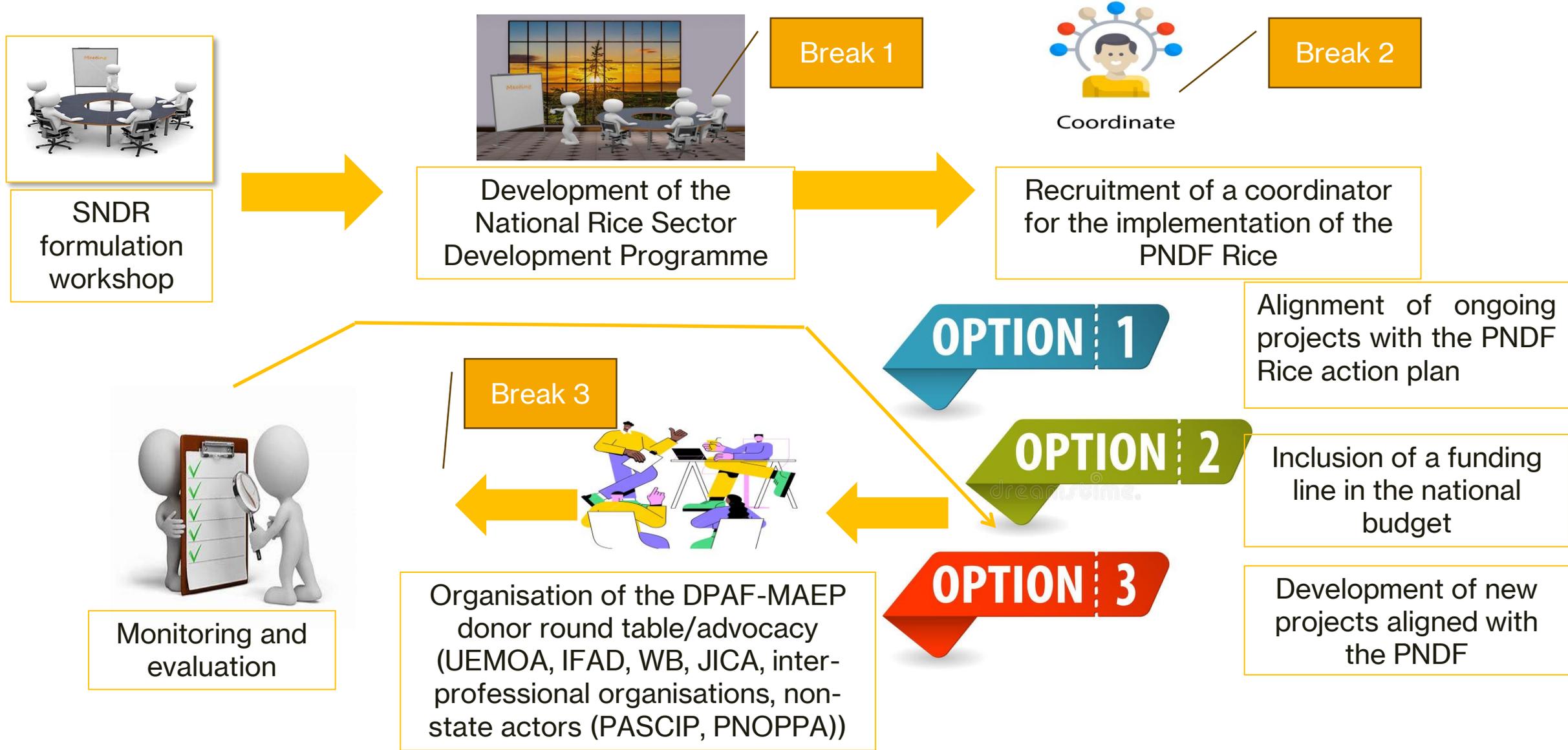
Partner	Period	Project name	Amount
BADEA	2025-2030	Hydro-Agricultural Development Project for Adaptation to Climate Change in the Lower Mono River Valley (PAHA-ACC-BVM)	63.3 M USD
IDB and BOAD	2025	Agricultural Infrastructure Development and Accessibility Project in the Lower and Middle Ouémé Valley (PDIAD-BMVO): modernising Beninese agriculture and implementing the emergency programme to produce one million tonnes of paddy rice	176.8 M USD
Enabel	2023	Support Programme for Resilient Agriculture and Sustainable Food Systems (PARSAD)	16 M €
Enabel	2023-2027	Delta-Mono: sustainable development initiative aimed at protecting the Mono Biosphere Reserve and the Bouche du Roy Marine Protected Area while promoting ecology and the socio-professional integration of young people and women	9 M €

Action plans between now and the end of 2026

- ❖ Development of SNDR3, which will inform the second generation of the PNDF
- ❖ Dissemination of the SNDR3
- ❖ Half-yearly reviews of the PNDF Rice
- ❖ Round table for the financing of SNDR3



SNDR financing mechanism in Benin (1/4)



SNDR financing mechanism in Benin (2/4)

Three changes were made to the traditional CARD approach



1. Immediately after the workshops to develop the SNDR, **a national rice sector development programme** was **developed with an action plan** instead of concept notes (funded by the GOV and a PTF).
2. Given that rice is one of the priority crops, **a Rice Programme Coordinator** was **recruited** to ensure that all ongoing projects were aligned with the programme and to lead the search for funding and monitor its implementation.
3. **Organisation of an annual review of programme implementation with senior ministry officials** and preparation of an evidence-based round table on financing

NRDS financing mechanism in Benin (3/4)

- With this financing mechanism, 51% of the financing requirements (**1,100 billion CFA francs**) have been mobilised to achieve the target of 1 million tonnes of paddy, including:
 - **437 billion CFA francs** mobilised through international cooperation and national resources, representing nearly **39%** of requirements. Resources mainly directed towards the provision of inputs, pre- and post-harvest equipment and agricultural advice in terms of internal resources. Resources from partners are mainly directed towards infrastructure development and, to a certain extent, processing.
 - **138 billion CFA francs** from the private sector, **representing 12%** of total needs and **30%** of projections, mainly directed towards the acquisition of processing units and financing through contract farming.

NRDS financing mechanism in Benin (4/4)

- ❖ Drawing lessons from the financing of the implementation of the SNDR, while consolidating the achievements, the focus will be on future financing:
 - **Increasing external resources** (international cooperation) **and internal resources** (national resources) with a view to increasing developments with total water control; facilitating access to quality inputs and access to technologies with agricultural support;
 - **Increasing private sector funding to facilitate** access to equipment that reduces drudgery; increasing modern rice processing units and encouraging the establishment of Benin-labelled rice.

